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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

GENEVA

DRAFT

CORIANDER

UPOV Code: CORIA_SAT

Coriandrum sativum L.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by experts from Brazil

*to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Agricultural Crops
at its thirty-sixth session, to be held in Budapest, Hungary, from May 28 to June 1, 2007*

Alternative Names:*

<i>Botanical name</i>	<i>English</i>	<i>French</i>	<i>German</i>	<i>Spanish</i>
<i>Coriandrum sativum</i> L.	Coriander, Cilantro, Collender, Chinese Parsley	Coriander, Persil arabe	Koriander, Wanzedill, Schiwindelkorn	Coriandro, Cilantro, Cilandrio, Culantro

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

* These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. Subject of these Test Guidelines

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Coriandrum sativum* L.

2. Material Required

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of seed.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

100 g or 10,000 seeds;

The seed should meet the minimum requirements for germination, species and analytical purity, health and moisture content, specified by the competent authority. In cases where the seed is to be stored, the germination capacity should be as high as possible and should be stated by the applicant.

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.

2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. Method of Examination

3.1 *Number of Growing Cycles*

The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.2 *Testing Place*

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 *Conditions for Conducting the Examination*

3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the examination.

3.3.2 The recommended method of observing the characteristic is indicated by the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics:

MG: single measurement of a group of plants or parts of plants
MS: measurement of a number of individual plants or parts of plants
VG: visual assessment by a single observation of a group of plants or parts of plants
VS: visual assessment by observation of individual plants or parts of plants

3.4 *Test Design*

3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 60 plants, which should be divided between two or more replicates.

3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 *Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined*

Unless otherwise indicated, all observations on single plants should be made on 40 plants or parts taken from each of 40 plants and any other observations made on all plants in the test.

3.6 *Additional Tests*

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability

4.1 *Distinctness*

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the

recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.2 *Uniformity*

4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:

4.2.2 The assessment of uniformity for cross-pollinated varieties should be according to the recommendations for cross-pollinated varieties in the General Introduction.

4.3 *Stability*

4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.

4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be tested, either by growing a further generation, or by testing a new seed stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the previous material supplied.

4.3.3 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, the stability of a hybrid variety may, in addition to an examination of the hybrid variety itself, also be assessed by examination of the uniformity and stability of its parent lines.

5. Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial

5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.

5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

- (a) Basal leaf : number of leaflets (characteristic 8)
- (b) Flower: anthocyanin coloration (characteristic 13)

5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction.

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 *Categories of Characteristics*

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 *States of Expression and Corresponding Notes*

States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.3 *Types of Expression*

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 *Example Varieties*

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 *Legend*

(*) Asterisked characteristic – see Chapter 6.1.2

QL: Qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

QN: Quantitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

PQ: Pseudo-qualitative characteristic – see Chapter 6.3

MG, MS, VG, VS: See Chapter 3.3.2

(a) – (d) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1

(+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2.

7. Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1. VG	Seedling: anthocyanin coloration of hypocotyl					
QN (a)	absent or very weak				Santo	1
	weak				Americano, Asteca	3
	medium				Palmeira, Precoso, UNAPAL	5
	strong				HTV-9299, Tabocas	7
	very strong					9
2. VS	Cotyledon: shape					
(+)						
PQ (a)	narrow elliptic				HTV-9299, Santo	1
	elliptic				Asteca, Palmeira, Superia	2
	broad elliptic				Verdão	3
3. MS	Plant: height					
(+)						
QN (b)	short				Americano, Santo	3
	medium				Português, Tapacurá	5
	high				Asteca	7
4. VS	Plant: number of basal leaves					
(*)						
(+)						
QN (b)	few				UNAPAL Precoso	3
	medium				Santo, Supéria, Verdão	5
	many				Tapacurá	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
5.	VG	Plant: density of foliage				
QN	(b)	sparse			Tapacurá, UNAPAL Precoso	3
		medium			Americano, Asteca, Supéria, Verdão	5
		dense			HTV-9299, Santo	7
6.	VG	Foliage: coloration				
QN	(b)	yellowish green				1
		green			Palmeira, Santo	3
		dark green			Tapacurá	5
7. (*) (+)	VS	Basal leaf: structure of feathering				
PQ	(b)	fine			UNAPAL Precoso	1
		medium			HTV9299, Tabocas, Tapacurá, Verdão	2
		coarse			Santo, Supéria	3
8. (*) (+)	VS	Basal leaf: number of leaflets				
QL	(b)	three				1
		five			HTV9299, Santo, Supéria, Tabocas, Tapacurá, Verdão	2
9. (+)	MS	Leaf: size of terminal leaflet				
QN	(b)	small			Português	3
		medium			Asteca	5
		large			HTV-9299, UNAPAL Precoso	7

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
10.	VS	Leaflet: density of incisions on margin				
(+)						
QN	(b)	sparse			Asteca, Santo	3
		medium			Americano, Tabocas, Tapacurá, Português, Supéria, UNAPAL Precoso	5
		dense			HTV-9299, Palmeira, Verdão	7
11.	VS	Leaflet: margin attitude				
QN	(b)	downward			Asteca, HTV-9299, Português, Santo, Tabocas	1
		flat			Verdão, Palmeira	3
		upward			Tapacurá, Supéria, UNAPAL Precoso	5
12.	MS	Petiole : lenght				
(+)						
QN	(b)	very short			UNAPAL Precoso	1
		short			Asteca, Americano	3
		medium			Português, Tapacurá	5
		long			Verdão	7
		very long			Tabocas	9
13.	VG	Flower: anthocyanin coloration				
(*)						
QL	(c)	absent			Tapacurá, Santo	1
		present				9

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
14. VG	<u>Varieties with anthocyanin in the flowers only:</u> intensity of anthocyanin coloration					
QN (c)	weak				Português, Superia	3
	medium				Verdão	5
	strong				Palmeira	7
15. VS (*)	Fruit: size					
QN (d)	small				Americano	3
	medium				HTV-9299, Tapacurá	5
	large				Palmeira, Verdão	7
16. VG	Fruit: intensity of brown color					
QN (d)	light				Asteca, Superia	3
	medium				Palmeira, Tabocas, Verdão	5
	dark				Português	7
17. VS/ (*) MS (+)	Fruit: shape					
PQ (d)	rounded				Português	1
	elongated				Americano, Asteca, HTV-9299, Palmeira, Santo, Superia, Tapacurá	2
	elliptic				Tabocas, Verdão, UNAPAL Precoso	3

	English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
18.	VG	Time of male flowering				
(+)						
QN	early				UNAPAL Precoso	3
	medium				Tabocas, Tapacurá	5
	late				Supera, Santo, Americano	7
19.	VG	Time of flowering				
QN	(c)	early			UNAPAL Precoso	3
		medium			Tabocas, Tapacurá	5
		late			Americano, Santo, Supera	7

8. Explanations on the table of characteristics

8.1 *Explanations covering several characteristics*

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

(a) All observations on the seedling characteristics should be done in the plant with the three first definitive leaves.

(b) Unless otherwise stated, all observations on the plant, stem, foliage, leaf and leaflet characteristics should be done when 5% of the plants started the male flowering. The observation on leaves and leaflets should be done in the fifth definitive leaf.

(c) All observations on flowers should be made when 50% of the plants are with at least one flower opened.

(d) All observations on fruits should be made in the stage of dried seeds, collected in the first and second order umbells.

8.2 *Explanations for individual characteristics*

Ad. 2: Cotyledon: shape



1

narrow elliptic



2

elliptic



3

broad elliptic

Ad. 3: Plant: height

The assessment of the height of the plant should be made from the cotyledon node to the top of the highest leaf.

Ad. 4: Plant: number of basal leaves

Should be considered as basal leaves, the leaves around the stem, before male flowering, and should be excluded the cotyledon leaves.

Ad. 7: Basal leaf: feathering

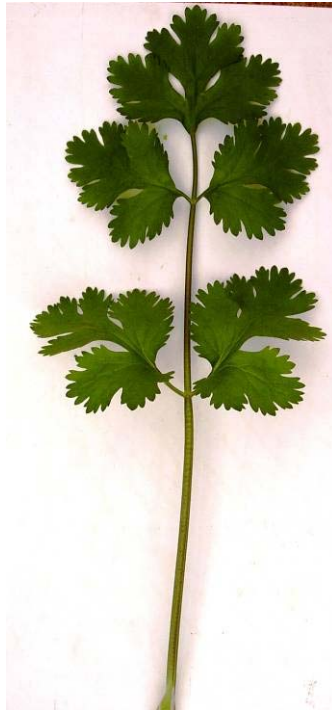
Ad. 8: Basal leaf: number of leaflets

The observations on the basal leaf should be done on the longest basal leaf.

Ad. 7: Basal leaf: structure of feathering



fine

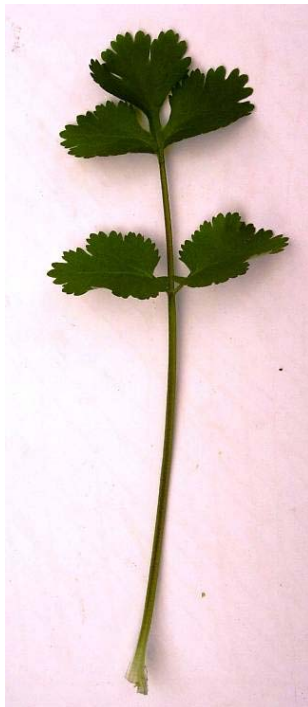


medium



coarse

Ad. 8: Basal leaf: number of leaflets



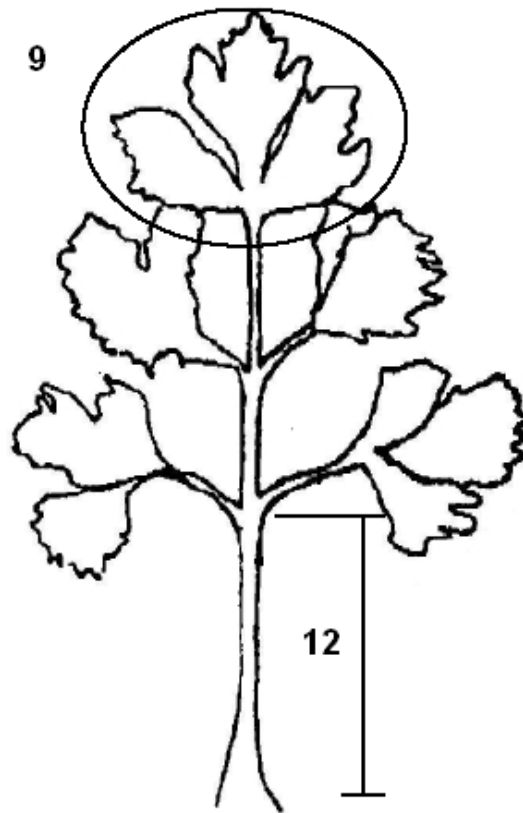
1
three



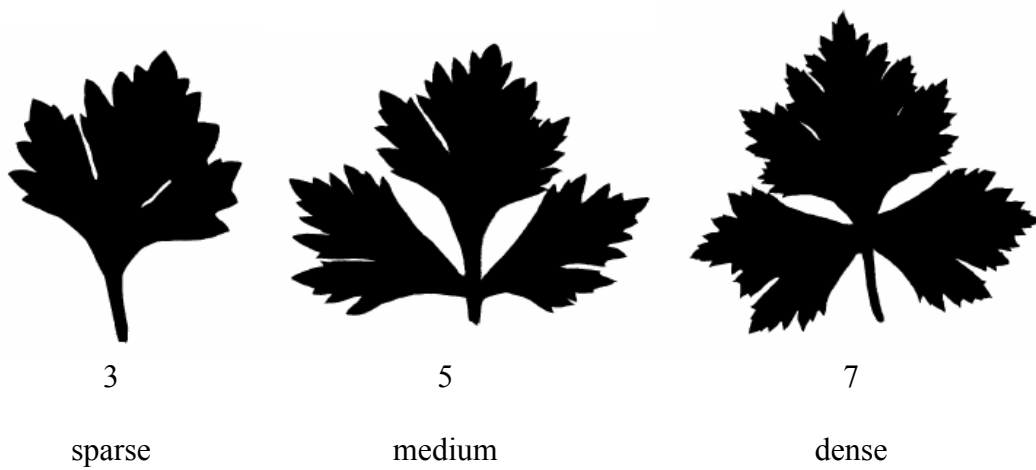
2
five

Ad. 9: Leaf: size of terminal leaflet

Ad. 12: Petiole: length



Ad. 10: Leaflet: density of incisions on margin



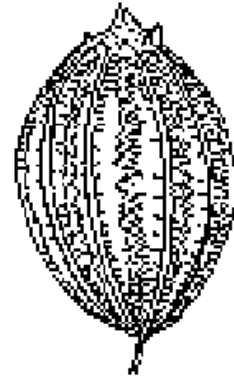
Ad. 17: Fruit: shape



1
rounded



2
elongated



3
elliptic

Ad. 18: Time of male flowering

It is considered as the time of male flowering when 50% of the plants start the male flowering

9. Literature

De Melo, P.C.T., Shirahige, F.H., Negrini, A.C.A., Wanderley Júnior, L.J. da G. Caracterização morfológica de estruturas reprodutivas e caracteres fenológicos de coentro (*Coriandrum sativum* L.).

De Melo, P.C.T., Shirahige, F.H., Negrini, A.C.A., Wanderley, Júnior, L.J. da G. Caracterização morfológica de estruturas vegetais de coentro (*Coriandrum sativum* L.).

Diederichsen, A., 1996: *Coriander (Coriandrum sativum* L.). *Promoting the conservation and use of underutilized and neglected crops*. 3. Rome: Institute of Plant Genetics and Crop Plant Research, Gatersleben/International Plant Genetic Resources Institute,. 83 p.

10. Technical Questionnaire

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
		Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE to be completed in connection with an application for plant breeders' rights		
1. Subject of the Technical Questionnaire		
1.1 Botanical name	<i>Coriandrum sativum</i> L.	
1.2 Common Name	Coriander Cilantro Collender Chinese parsley	
2. Applicant		
Name		
Address		
Telephone No.		
Fax No.		
E-mail address		
Breeder (if different from applicant)		
3. Proposed denomination and breeder's reference		
Proposed denomination (if available)		
Breeder's reference		

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
<p>#4. Information on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety</p> <p>4.1 Breeding scheme</p> <p>Variety resulting from:</p> <p>4.1.1 Crossing</p> <p>(a) controlled cross [] (please state parent varieties)</p> <p>(b) partially known cross [] (please state known parent variety(ies))</p> <p>(c) unknown cross []</p> <p>4.1.2 Mutation [] (please state parent variety)</p> <p>4.1.3 Discovery and development [] (please state where and when discovered and how developed)</p> <p>4.1.4 Other [] (please provide details)</p>		

Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
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4.2 Method of propagating the variety

4.2.1 Seed-propagated varieties

(a) Self-pollination	[]
(b) Cross-pollination	
(i) population	[]
(ii) synthetic variety	[]
(c) Hybrid	[]
(see below)	
(d) Other	[]
(please provide details)	

4.2.2 Other []

(please provide details)

In the case of hybrid varieties the production scheme for the hybrid should be provided on a separate sheet. This should provide details of all the parent lines required for propagating the hybrid e.g.

Single Hybrid

(... female parent ...) x (... male parent ...)

Three-Way Hybrid

(... female line ...) x (... male line ...)

=> single hybrid used as female parent x (... male parent ...)

and should identify in particular:

(a) any male sterile lines	
(b) maintenance system of male sterile lines.	

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:	
<p>5. Characteristics of the variety to be indicated (the number in brackets refers to the corresponding characteristic in Test Guidelines; please mark the note which best corresponds).</p>			
Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note	
5.1 Basal leaf : number of leaflets (1) three five 5.2 Flower: anthocyanin coloration (2) absent present		 1[] 2[] 1[] 2[]	
<p>6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties</p> <p><i>Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge, is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.</i></p>			
Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety	Characteristic(s) in which your candidate variety differs from the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)	Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variety
<i>Example</i>			
<p>Comments:</p>			

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
<p>#7. Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety</p> <p>7.1 In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>(If yes, please provide details)</p> <p>7.2 Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>(If yes, please provide details)</p> <p>7.3 Other information</p>		
<p>8. Authorization for release</p> <p>(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>(b) Has such authorization been obtained?</p> <p>Yes [] No []</p> <p>If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.</p>		

Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:												
<p>9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination.</p> <p>9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.</p> <p>9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:</p> <table><tbody><tr><td>(a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma)</td><td>Yes []</td><td>No []</td></tr><tr><td>(b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide)</td><td>Yes []</td><td>No []</td></tr><tr><td>(c) Tissue culture</td><td>Yes []</td><td>No []</td></tr><tr><td>(d) Other factors</td><td>Yes []</td><td>No []</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>Please provide details for where you have indicated “yes”.</p> <p>.....</p>			(a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma)	Yes []	No []	(b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide)	Yes []	No []	(c) Tissue culture	Yes []	No []	(d) Other factors	Yes []	No []
(a) Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma)	Yes []	No []												
(b) Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide)	Yes []	No []												
(c) Tissue culture	Yes []	No []												
(d) Other factors	Yes []	No []												
<p>10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:</p> <p>Applicant's name</p> <table><tbody><tr><td>Signature</td><td><input type="text"/></td><td>Date</td><td><input type="text"/></td></tr></tbody></table>			Signature	<input type="text"/>	Date	<input type="text"/>								
Signature	<input type="text"/>	Date	<input type="text"/>											

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