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INTERNATIONAL UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF NEW VARIETIES OF PLANTS

GENEVA

DRAFT

JAPANESE PLUM

UPOV Code: PRUNU_SAL

Prunus salicina Lindl.

GUIDELINES

FOR THE CONDUCT OF TESTS

FOR DISTINCTNESS, UNIFORMITY AND STABILITY

prepared by an expert from the European Community

to be considered by the Technical Working Party for Fruit Crops at its fortieth session, to be held in Angers, France, from September 21 to 25, 2009

Alternative Names:*

Botanical name	English	French	German	Spanish
Prunus salicina Lindl.	Japanese plum	Prunier Japonais	Ostasiatische Pflaume	Ciruelo Japonés

The purpose of these guidelines ("Test Guidelines") is to elaborate the principles contained in the General Introduction (document TG/1/3), and its associated TGP documents, into detailed practical guidance for the harmonized examination of distinctness, uniformity and stability (DUS) and, in particular, to identify appropriate characteristics for the examination of DUS and production of harmonized variety descriptions.

ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

These Test Guidelines should be read in conjunction with the General Introduction and its associated TGP documents.

^{*} These names were correct at the time of the introduction of these Test Guidelines but may be revised or updated. [Readers are advised to consult the UPOV Code, which can be found on the UPOV Website (www.upov.int), for the latest information.]

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1. <u>Subject of these Test Guidelines</u>

These Test Guidelines apply to all varieties of *Prunus salicina* Lindl.. These test guidelines may also be useful for the examination of hybrids involving *P. salicina*.

2. <u>Material Required</u>

2.1 The competent authorities decide on the quantity and quality of the plant material required for testing the variety and when and where it is to be delivered. Applicants submitting material from a State other than that in which the testing takes place must ensure that all customs formalities and phytosanitary requirements are complied with.

2.2 The material is to be supplied in the form of budsticks, dormant shoots or one-year-old trees grafted on a rootstock selected by the testing authority.

2.3 The minimum quantity of plant material, to be supplied by the applicant, should be:

- 5 budsticks with sufficient buds to propagate 5 trees (to be sent at budding time); or

- 5 dormant shoots for grafting, sufficient to propagate 5 trees (to be sent at grafting time); or

- 5 virus-tested one-year-old trees grafted on a rootstock selected by the testing authority.

2.4 The plant material supplied should be visibly healthy, not lacking in vigor, nor affected by any important pest or disease.

2.5 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If it has been treated, full details of the treatment must be given.

3. <u>Method of Examination</u>

3.1 Number of Growing Cycles

3.1.1 The minimum duration of tests should normally be two independent growing cycles.

3.1.2 The growing cycle is considered to be the duration of a single growing season, beginning with bud burst (flowering and/or vegetative), flowering and fruit harvest and concluding when the following dormant period ends with the swelling of new season buds.

3.2 Testing Place

Tests are normally conducted at one place. In the case of tests conducted at more than one place, guidance is provided in TGP/9 "Examining Distinctness".

3.3 Conditions for Conducting the Examination

3.3.1 The tests should be carried out under conditions ensuring satisfactory growth for the expression of the relevant characteristics of the variety and for the conduct of the

examination. Trees should only be pruned in the year of planting to ensure good branch formation.

3.3.2 In particular, it is essential that the trees produce a satisfactory crop of fruit in each of the two growing cycles.

3.3.3 The optimum stage of development for the assessment of each characteristic is indicated by a number in the second column of the Table of Characteristics. The stages of development denoted by each number are described at the end of Chapter 8.

3.4 Test Design

3.4.1 Each test should be designed to result in a total of at least 5 trees.

3.4.2 The design of the tests should be such that plants or parts of plants may be removed for measurement or counting without prejudice to the observations which must be made up to the end of the growing cycle.

3.5 Number of Plants / Parts of Plants to be Examined

Unless otherwise indicated, all observations should be made on 5 plants or parts taken from each of 5 plants. In the case of parts of plants, the number to be taken from each of the plants should be 2.

3.6 Additional Tests

Additional tests, for examining relevant characteristics, may be established.

4. <u>Assessment of Distinctness, Uniformity and Stability</u>

4.1 Distinctness

4.1.1 General Recommendations

It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines.

4.1.2 Consistent Differences

The differences observed between varieties may be so clear that more than one growing cycle is not necessary. In addition, in some circumstances, the influence of the environment is not such that more than a single growing cycle is required to provide assurance that the differences observed between varieties are sufficiently consistent. One means of ensuring that a difference in a characteristic, observed in a growing trial, is sufficiently consistent is to examine the characteristic in at least two independent growing cycles.

4.1.3 Clear Differences

Determining whether a difference between two varieties is clear depends on many factors, and should consider, in particular, the type of expression of the characteristic being examined, i.e. whether it is expressed in a qualitative, quantitative, or pseudo-qualitative manner. Therefore, it is important that users of these Test Guidelines are familiar with the recommendations contained in the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding distinctness.

4.2 Uniformity

4.2.1 It is of particular importance for users of these Test Guidelines to consult the General Introduction prior to making decisions regarding uniformity. However, the following points are provided for elaboration or emphasis in these Test Guidelines:

4.2.2 For the assessment of uniformity, a population standard of 1% and an acceptance probability of at least 95% should be applied. In the case of a sample size of 5 plants, no off-types are allowed.

4.3 Stability

4.3.1 In practice, it is not usual to perform tests of stability that produce results as certain as those of the testing of distinctness and uniformity. However, experience has demonstrated that, for many types of variety, when a variety has been shown to be uniform, it can also be considered to be stable.

4.3.2 Where appropriate, or in cases of doubt, stability may be tested, either by growing a further generation, or by testing a new plant stock to ensure that it exhibits the same characteristics as those shown by the previous material supplied.

5. <u>Grouping of Varieties and Organization of the Growing Trial</u>

5.1 The selection of varieties of common knowledge to be grown in the trial with the candidate varieties and the way in which these varieties are divided into groups to facilitate the assessment of distinctness are aided by the use of grouping characteristics.

5.2 Grouping characteristics are those in which the documented states of expression, even where produced at different locations, can be used, either individually or in combination with other such characteristics: (a) to select varieties of common knowledge that can be excluded from the growing trial used for examination of distinctness; and (b) to organize the growing trial so that similar varieties are grouped together.

5.3 The following have been agreed as useful grouping characteristics:

- (a) Fruit: size (characteristic 31)
- (b) Fruit: ground color of skin (characteristic 44)
- (c) Fruit: over color of skin (characteristic 46)
- (d) Fruit: color of flesh (characteristic 50)
- (e) Time of beginning of flowering (characteristic 66)
- (f) Time of beginning of fruit ripening (characteristic 67)

5.4 Guidance for the use of grouping characteristics, in the process of examining distinctness, is provided through the General Introduction.

6. Introduction to the Table of Characteristics

6.1 *Categories of Characteristics*

6.1.1 Standard Test Guidelines Characteristics

Standard Test Guidelines characteristics are those which are approved by UPOV for examination of DUS and from which members of the Union can select those suitable for their particular circumstances.

6.1.2 Asterisked Characteristics

Asterisked characteristics (denoted by *) are those included in the Test Guidelines which are important for the international harmonization of variety descriptions and should always be examined for DUS and included in the variety description by all members of the Union, except when the state of expression of a preceding characteristic or regional environmental conditions render this inappropriate.

6.2 States of Expression and Corresponding Notes

States of expression are given for each characteristic to define the characteristic and to harmonize descriptions. Each state of expression is allocated a corresponding numerical note for ease of recording of data and for the production and exchange of the description.

6.3 Types of Expression

An explanation of the types of expression of characteristics (qualitative, quantitative and pseudo-qualitative) is provided in the General Introduction.

6.4 Example Varieties

Where appropriate, example varieties are provided to clarify the states of expression of each characteristic.

6.5 Legend

- (*) Asterisked characteristic see Chapter 6.1.2
- QL: Qualitative characteristic see Chapter 6.3
- QN: Quantitative characteristic see Chapter 6.3
- PQ: Pseudo-qualitative characteristic see Chapter 6.3
- (a)-(c) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.1
- (+) See Explanations on the Table of Characteristics in Chapter 8.2

7. <u>Table of Characteristics/Tableau des caractères/Merkmalstabelle/Tabla de caracteres</u>

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
1.		Tree: type of bea	ıring				
PQ		on spurs only					1
		spurs and long sho	oots				2
		long shoots only					3
2.		Tree: vigor					
(+)							
QN		weak				Black Gold	3
		medium				Autumn Giant, Black Diamond	5
		strong				Robusto, Royal Diamond, Taiyou	7
3.		Tree: habit					
PQ		upright				Freedom, Taiyou	1
		semi-upright				Laroda	2
		spreading				Shiro	3
		drooping				Weeping Santa Rosa	4
4. (+)		One-year-old sho color)ot:				
QN	(a)	green					1
		green brown					2
		yellow brown					3
		red brown					4
		purple red					5
5.		Spur: length					
QN		short				Laroda	3
		medium				Frontier	5
		long				October Purple	7

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
6.		Vegetative bud: size					
(+)							
QN	(a)	small				Harry Pickstone	3
		medium				Great Yellow	5
		large					7
7.		Vegetative bud: shape of apex					
(+)		shape of apex					
PQ	(a)	acute				Eldorado	1
		obtuse				Songold	2
		rounded				Satsuma	3
8. (+)		One-year-old shoot: position of vegetative bud in relation to shoot	:				
QN	(a)	adpressed				Queen Ann	1
		slightly held out				Satsuma	2
		markedly held out				Songold	3
9.		Leaf blade: attitude in relation to shoot					
QN	(a)	upwards				Menthley	3
		horizontal				October Purple	5
		downwards				Queen Ann	7
10.		Leaf blade: length					
QN	(a)	very short					1
		short				Honey Rosa	3
		medium				Taiyou	5
		long				Ozark Premier	7
		very long					9

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
11.		Leaf blade: width					
QN	(a)	very narrow					1
		narrow				Beauty	3
		medium				Sordum	5
		broad				Conbination	7
		very broad					9
12. (*)		Leaf blade: length/width ratio					
QN	(a)	very small					1
		small					3
		medium					5
		large					7
		very large					9
13. (*) (+)		Leaf blade: shape					
PQ	(a)	ovate				Myrobalan 96009	1
		elliptic				October Purple, Syokou, Taiyou	2
		circular				Red Ace, Yellow Egg	3
		obovate				Kanro	4
14. (*) (+)		Leaf blade: angle of apex (excluding tip)					
QN	(a)	acute				Ozark Premier, Taiyou	1
		right angled				Satsuma	2
		obtuse				Methley	3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
15.		Leaf blade: intensity of green color of upper side					
QN	(a)	light				Flaming Delicious, Taiyou	3
		medium				Abundance Gaviota	5
		dark					7
16.		Leaf: glossiness of upper side					
QN	(a)	weak				Ozark Premier, Taiyou	1
		medium				Frontier	2
		strong				Nubiana	3
17.		Leaf blade: pubescence of lower side					
QN	(a)	weak				Redheart, Taiyou	1
		medium				Queen Ann	2
		strong					3
18. (+)		Leaf blade: incisions of margin					
(+) PQ	(a)	crenate				Gaviota, Harry Pickstone	1
		bi-crenate				Golden Kiss, Pioneer	2
		serrate				Dapple Dandy	3
		bi-serrate					4
19. (*)		Petiole: length					
QN		short				Kelsey	3
		medium				Frontier	5
		long					7

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
20.		Petiole: pubescence of upper side					
QN		absent					1
		present					9
21.		Leaf: position of nectaries					
QN	(a)	predominantly on base of leaf blade				Methley	1
		equally on base of leaf blade and on petiole	f			Nubiana	2
		predominantly on petiole				Queen Ann	3
22. (*)		Pedicel: length					
QN		short				Methley	3
		medium				Queen Ann	5
		long				Red Ace, Taiyou	7
23.		Flowers: frequency of flowers with more than five petals					
QN	(b)	few					3
		medium					5
		many					7
24.		Flower: size					
QN	(b)	small				Nubiana	3
		medium				October Purple, Taiyou	5
		large				Methley	7

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
25. (+)		Flower: arrangement of petals (flowers with					
		5 petals only)					
QN	(b)	free				Apple	1
		touching				Harry Pickstone	2
		overlapping				Beauty	3
26.		Sepal: shape					
PQ	(b)	triangular				Mariposa	1
		narrow/medium ovate	:			Harry Pickstone	2
		broad ovate				George Wilson	3
		narrow elliptic				Laroda	4
		medium/broad elliptic	;			Nubiana	5
27.		Petal: length					
QN	(b)	short				Shigyoku	3
		medium				Santa Rosa	5
		long				Burbank	7
28. (*) (+)		Petal: shape					
PQ	(b)	elliptic				Red Ace, Taiyou	1
		circular				Wickson	2
		oblate				Wright's Early	3
		obovate				Mammoth Cardinal	4
29.		Petal: undulation of margin					
QN	(b)	weak				Redheart, Taiyou	1
		medium				Queen Ann	2
		strong					3

				1 0			
		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
30.		Stigma: position in relation to anthers					
QN	(b)	below				Mariposa	1
		same level				Methley	2
		above				Mammoth Cardinal	3
31. (*)		Fruit: size					
QN	(c)	very small				Methley	1
		small				Allo, Eldorado	3
		medium				Shiro	5
		large				Angeleno, Taiyou	7
		very large				Songold	9
32.		Fruit: length					
QN	(c)	small				Eclipse	3
		medium				Harry Pickstone	5
		large				Valentine	7
33.		Fruit: width					
QN		small				Amber Jewel	3
		medium				Casselman	5
		large				Simka	7
34.		Fruit: length/width ratio					
QN	(c)	small				Gaviota	3
		medium				Betty Anne, Simka	5
		large				Valentine	7

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note Nota
35. (*) (+)		Fruit: general shape (in lateral view)	;				
PQ	(c)	oblong				Reubennel	1
		elliptic				Ozark Premier, Taiyou	2
		circular				Red Beauty, Shiro	3
		oblate				Friar	4
		cordate				Morettini 355	5
		obovate					6
		obcordate				Santa Rosa	7
36. (*)		Fruit: symmetry (ventral view, along suture)					
PQ	(c)	symmetric or slightly asymmetric					1
		moderately asymmetric					2
		strongly asymmetric					3
37. (*) (+)		Fruit: shape of apex					
PQ	(c)	pointed				Morettini 355, Taiyou	1
		flat				Black Gold, Green Sun	2
		depressed				Calita, Durado	3
38. (+)		Fruit: shape of base					
PQ	(c)	pointed				Golden Plumza	1
		rounded				Shiro	2
		flattened				Angeleno	3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
39.		Fruit: length of stalk	Z				
(+)							
QN	(c)	short				Shigyoku	3
		medium				Terada	5
		long				Hollywood	7
40.		Fruit: depth of stalk cavity					
QN	(c)	shallow				Taiyou	3
		medium				Nubiana	5
		deep				Black Gold	7
41.		Fruit: width of stalk cavity					
(+)		cavity					
QN	(c)	narrow				Koike Sumomo	3
		medium				Benryouzen	5
		broad				Finroza	7
42.		Fruit: depth of suture					
(+)		Suture					
PQ	(c)	shallow				Taiyou	1
		medium				Sordum	2
		deep				Akihime	3
43.	(c)	Fruit: bloom of skin					
(+)							
QN		absent or very weak					1
		weak				Red June	3
		medium				Ooishi Nakate	5
		strong				Sordum	7
		very strong					9

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
44. (+) (*)		Fruit: ground color of skin					
PQ	(c)	not visible				Angeleno	1
		green				Gaviota, Santa Rosa	2
		yellowish-green				Songold, Taiyou	<mark>3</mark>
		yellow				Shiro	<mark>4</mark>
45. (*)		Fruit: relative area of over-color					
QN	(c)	absent or very small				Green Sun, Shiro	1
		small				Bragialla	3
		medium				Fortune	5
		large				Taiyou	7
		very large or whole surface					9
46. (*)		Fruit: over color of skin					
PQ	(c)	yellow				Golden Japan	1
		orange-yellow					2
		red				Red Beauty, Taiyou	3
		purple					4
		violet-blue					5
		dark blue				Black Amber	6
		black				Angeleno	7

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
47.		Fruit: pattern of overcolor					
PQ	(c)	isolated areas of flecks only					1
		covered all over with small flecks					2
		flush mottled				Omega	3
		solid flush with flecks					4
		solid flush only					5
48.		Fruit: number of lenticels					
QN	(c)	few					3
		medium					5
		many					7
49.		Fruit: size of lenticels					
QN	(c)	small					3
		medium					5
		large					7

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
50. (*)		Fruit: color of fles	h				
PQ	(c)	whitish				Taiyou	1
		green				Reina Claudia, Santa Rosa	2
		yellowish green					3
		yellow				Angeleno, Golden Japan, Reubennel	4
		orange				Black Amber, Sun Gold	5
		red				Santa Rosa	6
		dark red					7
		purplish					8
51.		Fruit: firmness of flesh					
QN	(c)	soft				Shiro	3
		medium				Frontier	5
		firm				Laroda	7
52.		Fruit: juiciness					
QN	(c)	low				Autumn Giant, Laroda	3
		medium				Gaviota, Ozark Premier	5
		high				Reubennel, Shiro, Taiyou	7
53.		Fruit: acidity					
(+)							
QN	(c)	low				Angeleno, Durado	1
		medium				Green Sun, Shiro, Taiyou	2
		high				Carmen, Obilnaja	3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
54.		Fruit: sweetness					
(+)							
QN	(c)	low				Durado, Obilnaja	1
		medium				Angeleno, Shiro, Taiyou	2
		high				Black Gold, Laroda	3
55. (*)		Fruit: degree of adherence of stone flesh	e to				
QN	(c)	non-adherent				Fortune	1
		semi-adherent				Nubiana, Taiyou	2
		adherent				Sungold	3
56. (*)		Stone: size					
QN	(c)	small				Eldorado	3
		medium				Taiyou, Wickson	5
		large				Freedom	7
57. (*)		Stone: shape in lateral view					
PQ	(c)	narrow elliptic				Eldorado	1
		medium elliptic				Santa Rosa, Taiyou	2
		circular				Kelsey	3
		broad ovate					4
58.		Stone: shape in ventral view					
(+)							
QN	(c)	narrow elliptic				Eldorado	1
		medium elliptic				Santa Rosa, Taiyou	2
		broad elliptic				Kelsey	3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
59.		Stone: shape in basal view	l				
PQ	(c)	narrow elliptic					1
		medium elliptic					2
		broad elliptic					3
60.		Stone: symmetry in lateral view					
QN	(c)	symmetric or slightly asymmetric					1
		moderatly asymmetric	;				2
		strongly asymmetric					3
61. (*)		Stone: length/width ratio					
QN	(c)	small				Harry Pickstone	1
		medium				Songold, Taiyou	2
		large				Nubiana	3
62. (+)		Stone: texture of lateral surfaces					
PQ	(c)	fine grained				Eldorado	1
		granular				Nubian	2
		rough				Songold	3
		hammered				Harry Pickstone	4
63.		Stone: sharpness of edge					
QN	(c)	weak				Santa Rosa	1
		medium				Nubia	2
		strong				Laroda	3

		English	français	deutsch	español	Example Varieties/ Exemples/ Beispielssorten/ Variedades ejemplo	Note/ Nota
64.		Stone: width of stalk-end					
(+)		staik-enu					
QN	(c)	narrow				Frontier	3
		medium				Harry Pickstone	5
		broad					7
65.		Stone: angle of stalk end	í-				
(+)							
QN	(c)	acute				Laroda	1
		right angled				Santa Rosa	2
		obtuse				Nubiana	3
66. (*) (+)		Time of beginning o flowering	f				
QN		very early				Durado, Red Beaut	1
		early				Fortune, Mariposa, Taiyou	3
		medium				Green Sun, Nubiana	5
		late				Gaviota, Shiro	7
		very late				Angeleno, Simka	9
67. (*) (+)		Time of beginning o fruit ripening	f				
QN		very early				Beauty, Durado, Red Noble	1
		early				Mariposa, Shiro	3
		medium				Black Gold, Gaviota	5
		late				Angeleno, Nubiana, Taiyou	7
		very late				Autumn Giant, Golden King	9

8. <u>Explanations on the Table of Characteristics</u>

8.1 Explanations covering several characteristics

Characteristics containing the following key in the second column of the Table of Characteristics should be examined as indicated below:

- (a) All observations on the bud, the leaf and the shoot should be made at the central third of the shoot. The observations on the leaf should be made on mature leaves from current season's shoots.
- (b) All observations on the flower should be made at the time of full flowering.
- (c) All observations on the fruit should be made at full maturity for consumption.
- 8.2 Explanations for individual characteristics
- Ad. 2: Tree: vigor

To be provided

Ad. 4: One-year-old shoot: color

To be observed on the sunny side after removal of cuticle

Ad. 6: Vegetative bud: size





<mark>+</mark> <mark>/ery small</mark>

D

3 small

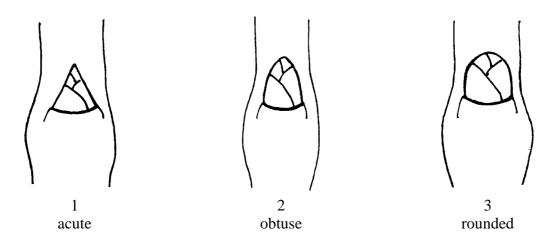


5 medium

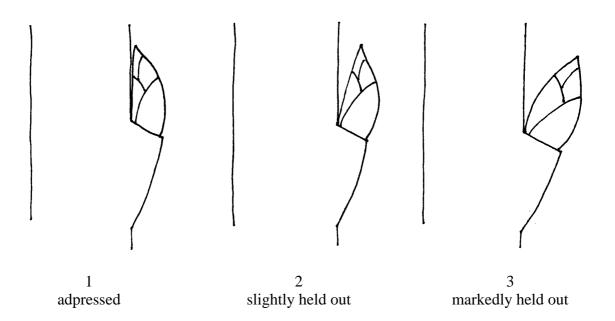


7 large

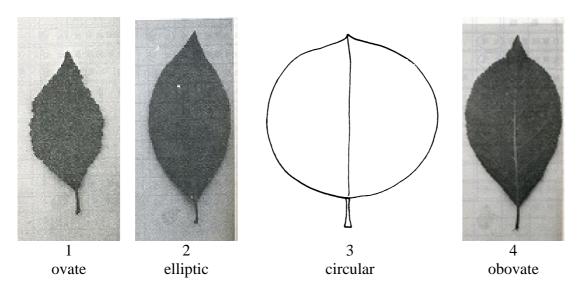
Ad. 7: Vegetative bud: shape of apex



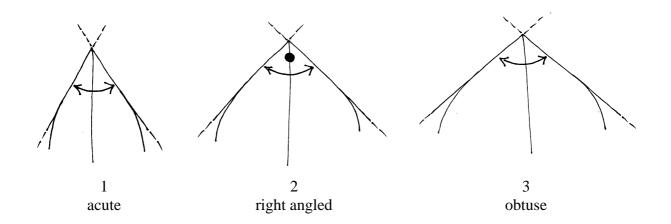
Ad. 8: One-year-old shoot: position of vegetative bud in relation to shoot



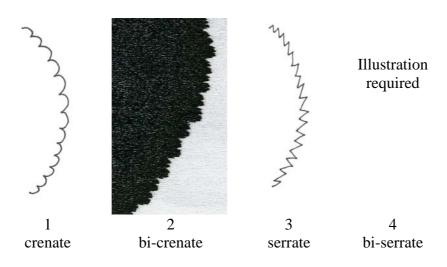
Ad. 13: Leaf blade: shape



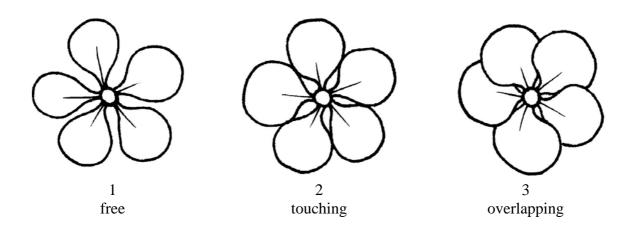
Ad. 14: Leaf blade: angle of apex (excluding tip)

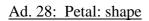


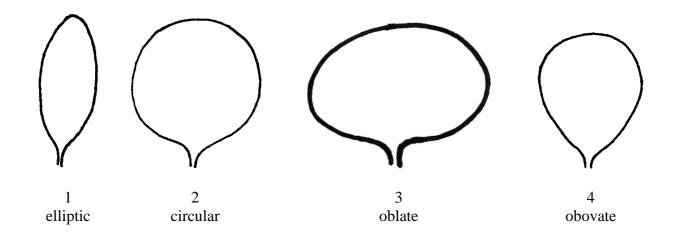
Ad. 18: Leaf blade: incisions of margin



Ad. 25: Flower: arrangement of petals (flowers with 5 petals only)







Ad. 35: Fruit: general shape (in lateral view)

To be provided						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
oblong	elliptic	circular	oblate	cordate	obovate	obcordate

Ad. 37: Fruit: shape of apex

To be provided

1	2	3
pointed	flat	depressed

Ad. 38: Fruit: shape of base

To be provided

1	2	3
pointed	rounded	flattened

Ad. 39: Fruit: length of stalk



short

medium

long

Ad. 41: Fruit: width of stalk cavity



3 narrow 5 medium

7 broad

Ad. 42: Fruit: depth of suture



1 shallow

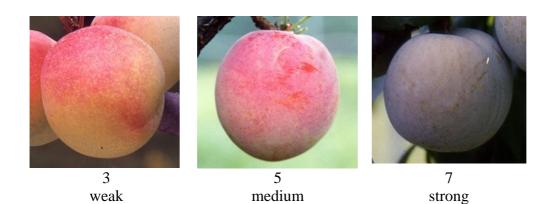


2 medium



3 deep

Ad. 43: Fruit: bloom of skin



Ad. 44: Fruit: ground color of skin

To be observed without the bloom.

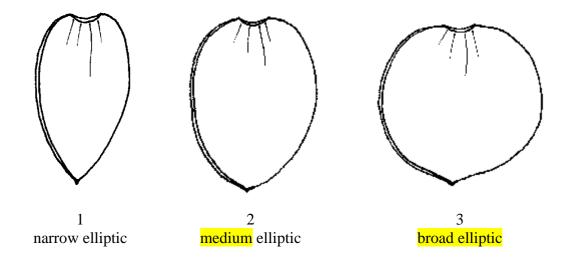
Ad. 53: Fruit: acidity

To be provided

Ad. 54: Fruit: sweetness

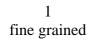
To be provided

Ad. 58: Stone: shape in ventral view



Ad. 62: Stone: texture of lateral surfaces

To be provided



2 granular 3 rough



Ad. 64: Stone: width of stalk-end

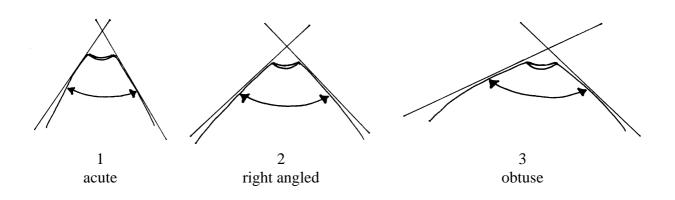




5 medium



Ad. 65: Stone: angle of stalk-end



Ad. 66: Time of beginning of flowering

To be provided

Ad. 67: Time of beginning of fruit ripening

The time of fruit ripening should be considered as the time of eating ripeness, when the fruit is most easily removed.

9. <u>Literature</u>

No specific literature

10. <u>Technical Questionnaire</u>

TEC	HNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y}	Reference Number:
			Application date: (not to be filled in by the applicant)
		CHNICAL QUESTION	NAIRE on for plant breeders' rights
1.	Subject of the Technical Que	stionnaire	
	1.1 Botanical name	Prunus salicina Lindl.	
	1.2 Common name	apanese plum	
2.	Applicant		
	Name		
	Address		
	Telephone No.		
	Fax No.		
	E-mail address		
	Breeder (if different from app	olicant)	
3.	Proposed denomination and l	preeder's reference	
	Proposed denomination (if available)		
	Breeder's reference		

TEC	HNI	CAL QI	JESTIONNAIRE Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:
[#] 4.	Info	rmation	on the breeding scheme and propagation of the variety
	4.1	Breedi	ng scheme
		Varie	ty resulting from:
		4.1.1	Crossing
			(a) controlled cross [] (please state parent varieties)
			(b) partially known cross [] (please state known parent variety(ies))
			(c) unknown cross []
		4.1.2	Mutation [] (please state parent variety)
		4.1.3	Discovery and development [] (please state where and when discovered and how developed)
		4.1.4	Other [] (please provide details)
	4.2	Metho	d of propagating the variety
		4.2.1	Vegetative propagation
		(a) cuttings []
		(b) <i>in vitro</i> propagation []
		(c) other (state method) []
		4.2.2	Seed []
		4.2.3	Other [] (please provide details)

[#] Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TEC	HNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page {x} of {y} Reference Number:	
		to be indicated (the number in brackets rest Guidelines; please mark the note	
	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.1 (31)	Fruit: size		
	very small	Methley	1[]
	small	Allo, Eldorado	3[]
	medium	Shiro	5[]
	large	Angeleno, Taiyou	7[]
	very large	Songold	9[]
5.2 (44)	Fruit: ground color of skin		
	not visible	Angeleno	1[]
	green	Gaviota, Santa Rosa	2[]
	yellowish-green	Songold, Taiyou	3[]
	yellow	Shiro	4[]
5.3 (46)	Fruit: over color of skin		
	yellow	Golden Japan	1[]
	orange-yellow		2[]
	red	Red Beauty, Taiyou	3[]
	purple		4[]
	violet-blue		5[]
	dark blue	Black Amber	6[]
	black	Angeleno	7[]

TECI	HNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE Page {x}	of {y} Reference Number:	
	Characteristics	Example Varieties	Note
5.4 (50)	Fruit: color of flesh		
	whitish		1[]
	green	Taiyou	2[]
	yellowish green	Reina Claudia, Santa Rosa	3[]
	yellow	Angeleno, Golden Japan, Reubennel	4[]
	orange	Black Amber, Sun Gold	5[]
	red	Santa Rosa	6[]
	dark red		7[]
	purplish		8[
5.5 (66)	Time of beginning of flowering		
	very early	Durado, Red Beaut	1[]
	early	Fortune, Mariposa, Taiyou	3[]
	medium	Green Sun, Nubiana	5[]
	late	Gaviota, Shiro	7[]
	very late	Angeleno, Simka	9[]
5.6 (67)	Time of beginning of fruit ripening		
	very early	Beauty, Durado, Red Noble	1[]
	early	Mariposa, Shiro	3[
	medium	Black Gold, Gaviota	5[
	late	Angeleno, Nubiana, Taiyou	7[]
	very late	Autumn Giant, Golden King	9[]

TECHNICAL QUESTI	ONNAIRE	Page {x}	of {y}	Reference Nu	mber:		
6. Similar varieties and differences from these varieties <i>Please use the following table and box for comments to provide information on how your</i> <i>candidate variety differs from the variety (or varieties) which, to the best of your knowledge,</i> <i>is (or are) most similar. This information may help the examination authority to conduct its</i> <i>examination of distinctness in a more efficient way.</i>							
Denomination(s) of variety(ies) similar to your candidate variety similar variety differs from the similar variety(ies)		Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for the similar variety(ies)		Describe the expression of the characteristic(s) for your candidate variet			
Example			orange		red		
Comments:							

TEC	CHNIC	AL QUI	ESTIONNAIRE	Page {x}	of {y}	Reference Number:		
[#] 7.	Additional information which may help in the examination of the variety							
7.1		In addition to the information provided in sections 5 and 6, are there any additional characteristics which may help to distinguish the variety?						
	Yes [] No []							
	(If ye	es, pleas	e provide details)					
7.2	Are there any special conditions for growing the variety or conducting the examination?							
	Yes	[]		No []			
	(If yes, please provide details)							
7.3	3 Other information							
A re	A representative color photograph of the variety should accompany the Technical Questionnaire.							
8.	Authorization for release							
	(a) Does the variety require prior authorization for release under legislation concerning the protection of the environment, human and animal health?							
		Yes	[]	No	[]			
	(b) Has such authorization been obtained?							
		Yes	[]	No	[]			
	If the answer to (b) is yes, please attach a copy of the authorization.							

[#] Authorities may allow certain of this information to be provided in a confidential section of the Technical Questionnaire.

TECHNICAL QUESTIONNAIRE	Page $\{x\}$ of $\{y\}$	Reference Number:

9. Information on plant material to be examined or submitted for examination.

9.1 The expression of a characteristic or several characteristics of a variety may be affected by factors, such as pests and disease, chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardants or pesticides), effects of tissue culture, different rootstocks, scions taken from different growth phases of a tree, etc.

9.2 The plant material should not have undergone any treatment which would affect the expression of the characteristics of the variety, unless the competent authorities allow or request such treatment. If the plant material has undergone such treatment, full details of the treatment must be given. In this respect, please indicate below, to the best of your knowledge, if the plant material to be examined has been subjected to:

(a)	Microorganisms (e.g. virus, bacteria, phytoplasma)	Yes []	No []
(b)	Chemical treatment (e.g. growth retardant, pesticide)	Yes []	No []
(c)	Tissue culture	Yes []	No []
(d)	Other factors	Yes []	No []

Please provide details for where you have indicated "yes".

.....

9.3 Has the plant material to be examined been tested for the presence of virus or other pathogens?

Yes

(please provide details as specified by the Authority)

[]

[]

No

- --

10. I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the information provided in this form is correct:

Applicant's	s name				
Signature				Date	

[End of document]