

Technical Working Party for Agricultural Crops

TWA/51/7

**Fifty-First Session
Cambridge, United Kingdom, May 23 to 27, 2022**

Original: English
Date: May 5, 2022



BIG DATA PLATFORM FOR DUS EXAMINATION

Document prepared by an expert from China

Disclaimer: this document does not represent UPOV policies or guidance

The annex to this document contains a copy of a presentation “Big Data Platform for DUS Examination”, to be made by an expert from China, at the fifty-first session of the TWA.



[Annex follows]



Big Data Platform for DUS Examination

Yang Kun

Deputy director, Associate researcher
Beijing Sub-Center for New Plant Variety Test, MARA,
People's Republic of China
Fifty-first Session, Cambridge, United Kingdom, May 23 to 27, 2022, TWA

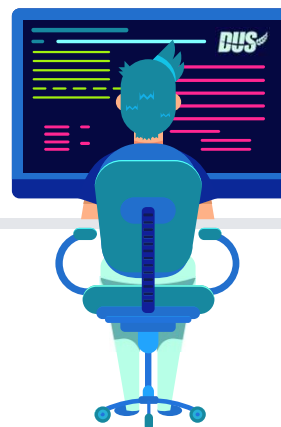


Contents >>>

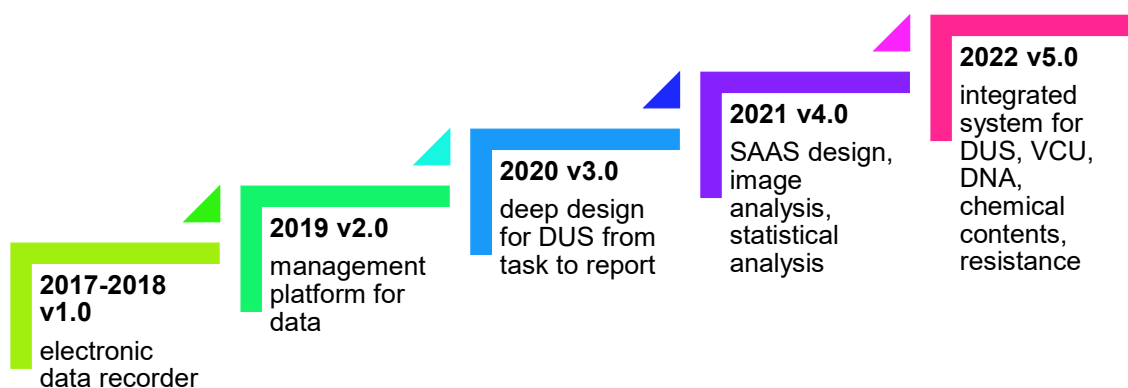
- 1. History
- 2. Design
- 3. Demonstration
- 4. Plans



01 History



History

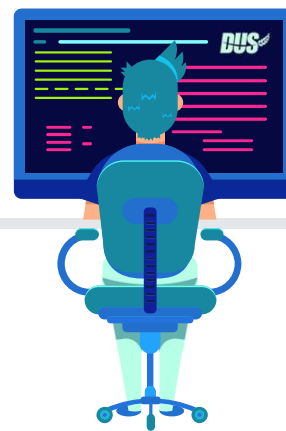


History



1. 2021, report on version 4.0 in TWC39.
2. 2022, report on version 5.0 in TWA51.

02 Design



Problems of current DUS testing



1. Field trial have long period, heavy workload, big influence by environment, big observation error between testers, low efficient analysis.
2. Molecular distance doesn't have good relationship with morphological distance.
3. Lack of harmonized theory or rule of calculation of minimum distance of D, U, and S which means same data always have different results in different stations or countries.

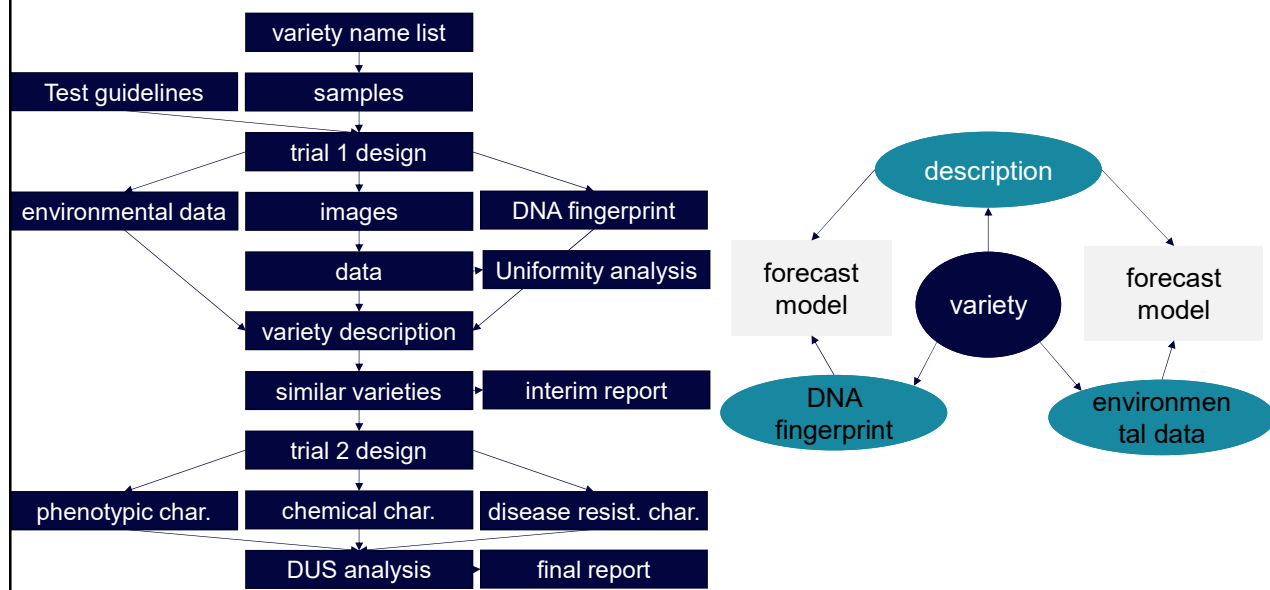
How to store the big data?



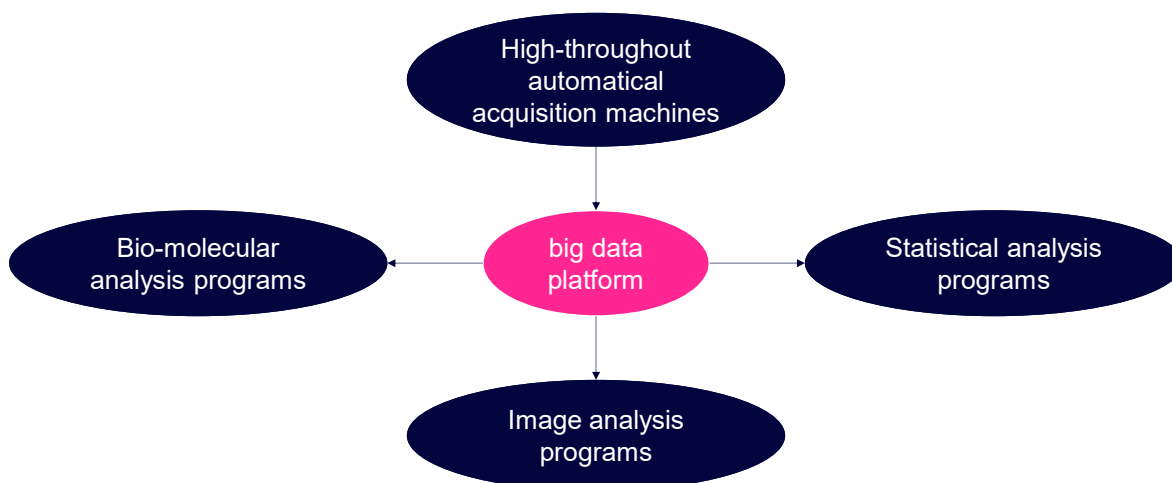
- | | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Beijing station per year:<ul style="list-style-type: none">➢ 17 crops➢ more than 900 candidate varieties➢ more than 1,500 varieties➢ more than 3,060,000 data➢ more than 7,500 photos➢ more than 40,000 molecular data■ 7430 samples and descriptions, 37,150 photos, 4210 molecular data | <ul style="list-style-type: none">● All stations per year:<ul style="list-style-type: none">➢ more than 1,000 crops➢ more than 10,000 candidate varieties➢ more than 20,000 varieties➢ more than 40,800,000 data➢ more than 100,000 photos➢ more than 400,000 molecular data■ more than 30,000 samples and descriptions, 150,000 photos, 10,000 molecular data |
|--|---|

Solution: big data platform based on SaaS structure

How to make result effective?

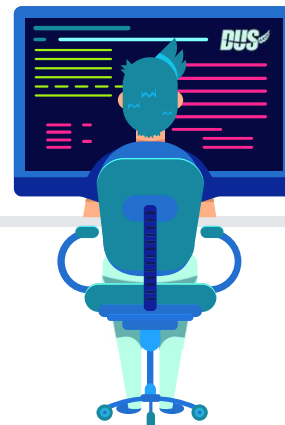


How to make analysis efficient?

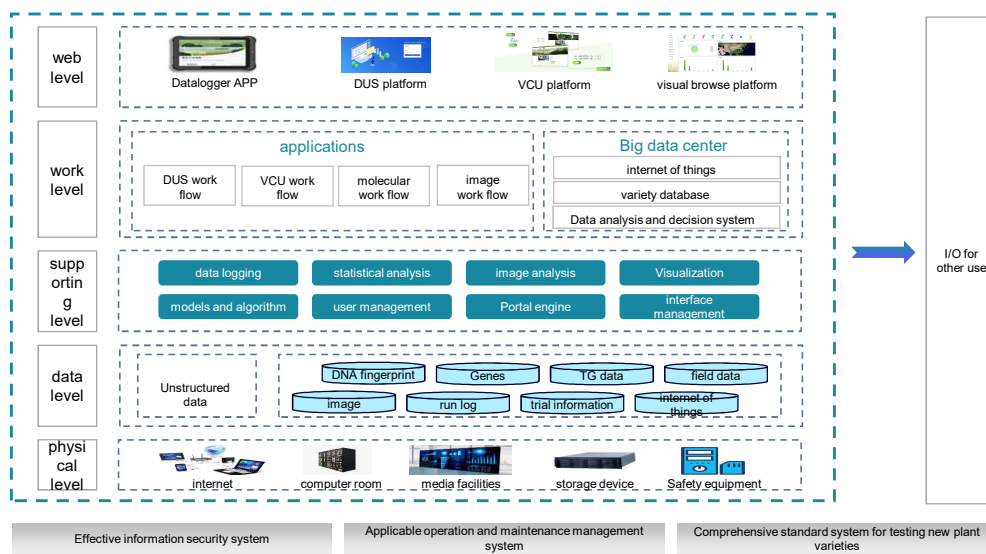


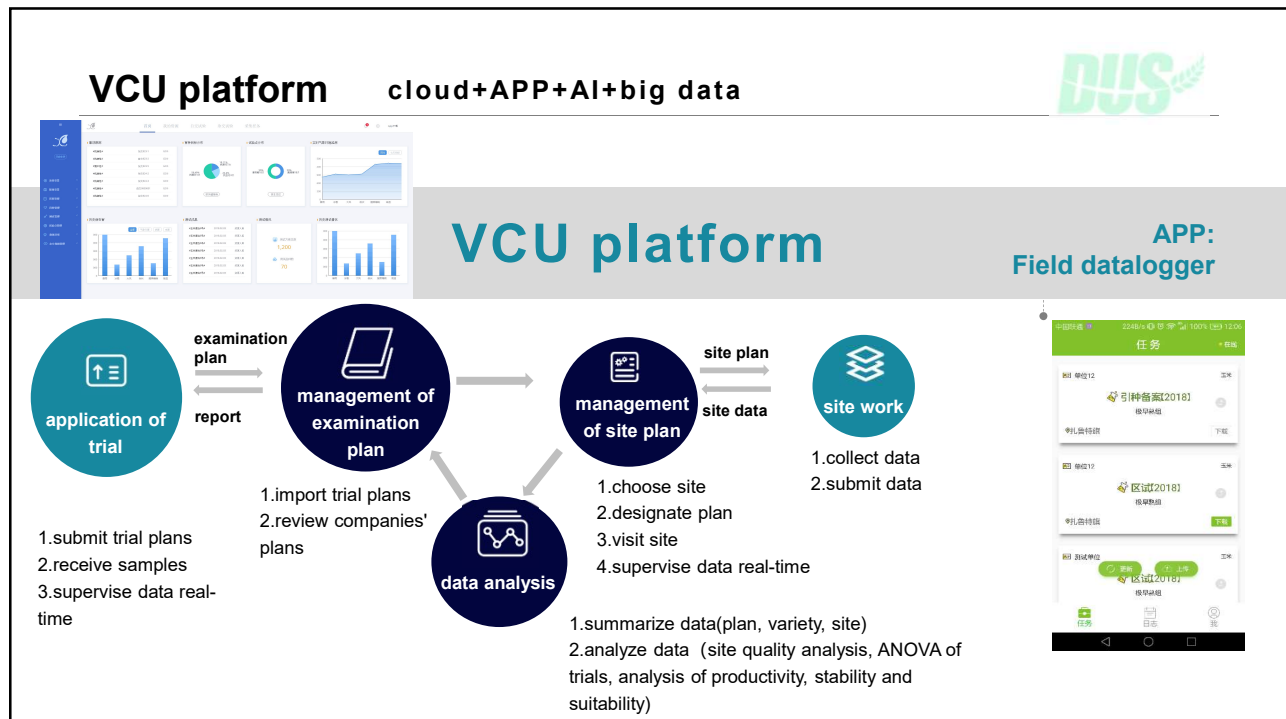
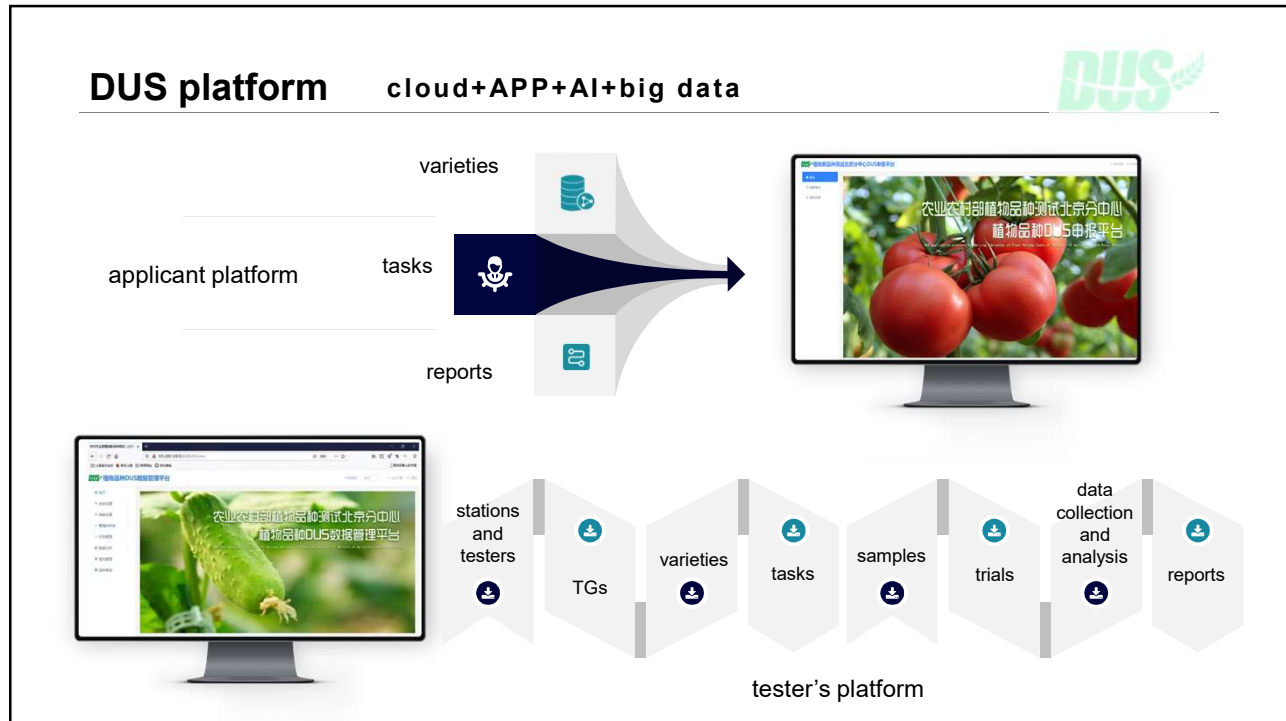


03 Demonstration

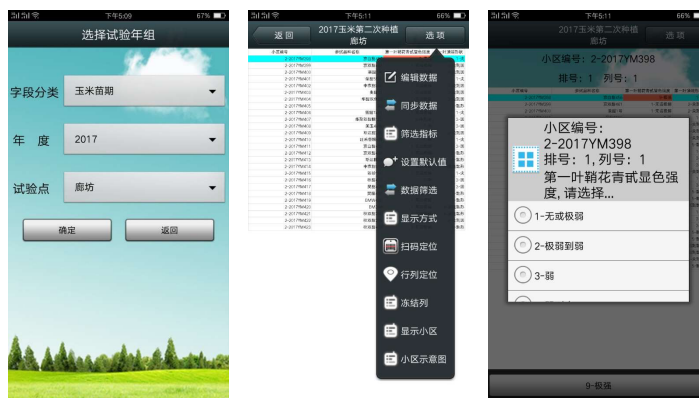


Structure of whole system





Mobile data logger

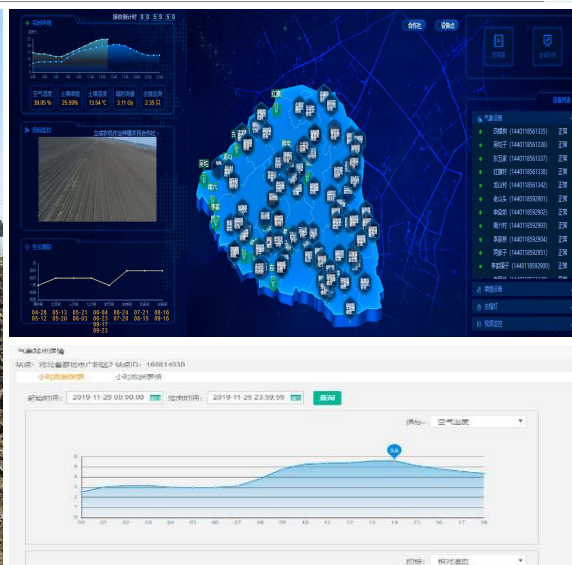


select trial

set record model

data record

Collection of environmental data



national data

station's data

Collection of image data by unmanned machines



共6个画面



品种名称/图片位置	根	茎	叶
<input type="checkbox"/> HGBZF2004			
<input type="checkbox"/> HGBZF2005			
<input type="checkbox"/> 标准品种001			
<input type="checkbox"/> 标准品种002			
<input type="checkbox"/> 标准品种003			

Image analysis platform

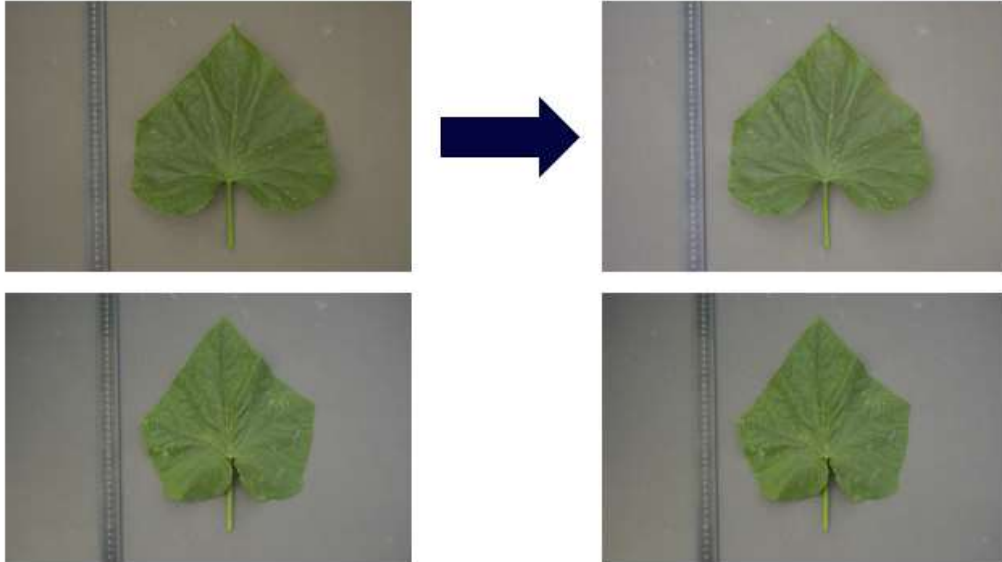
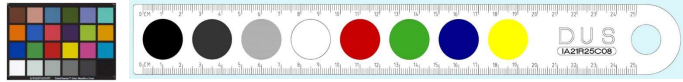


分析部位: ☐ 幼苗 ☒ 叶 ☐ 果实

品种	品种类型	图片	分析结果图片	分析结果
HG申请品种1	申请品种			图像名: aee8a40d-1d2f-49c6-a5d6-f322736f37ab.jpg; red: 0; orange: 171; yellow: 17876; green: 3870274; cyan: 0; blue: 0; purple: 0; 叶片长度 (像素): 2938; 叶片长度 (mm): 303.277; 叶片面积 (平方mm): 41597.9
HG申请品种2	申请品种			图像名: ddab3cf8-ed70-48ab-bd5a-311e3ce0e8b8.jpg; red: 0; orange: 171; yellow: 17876; green: 3870274; cyan: 0; blue: 0; purple: 0; 叶片长度 (像素): 2938; 叶片长度 (mm): 303.277; 叶片面积 (平方mm): 41597.9

返回

Color calibration



Ruler calibration

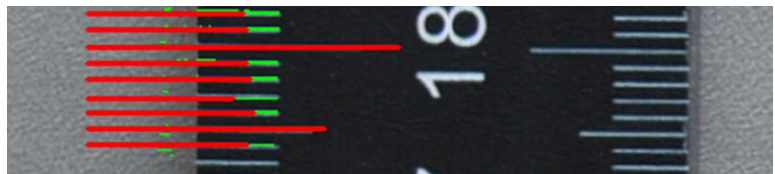
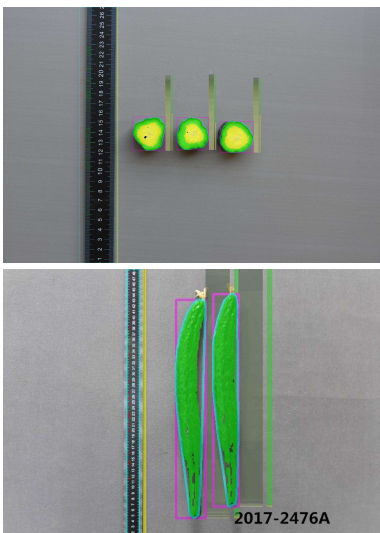
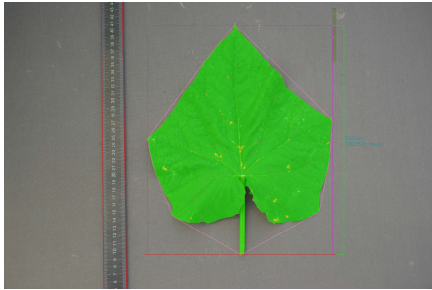
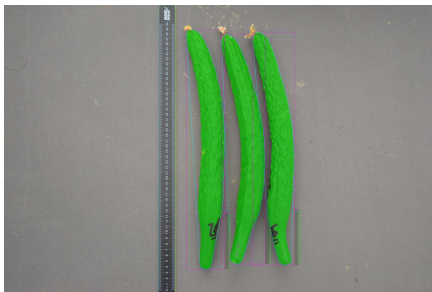


Image analysis of cucumber leaf

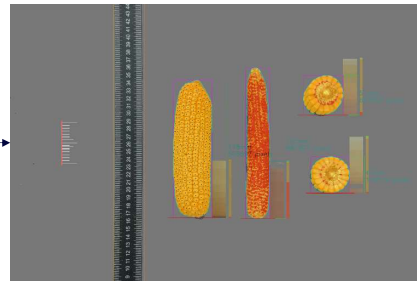
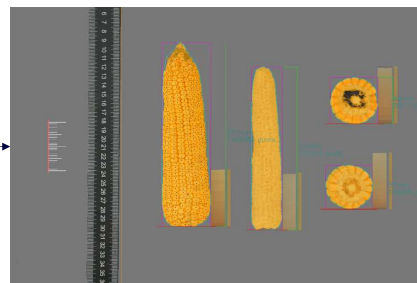


- Automatically recognize the size of the ruler to calculate the size of the leaf
- leaf area, width, length, convex hull features, angle of the tip, intensity of dentation of margin, shape of leaf, shape of apex of terminal lobes intensity of green color etc..
- Exploring using AI to automatically dig more traits difficult for human to describe.

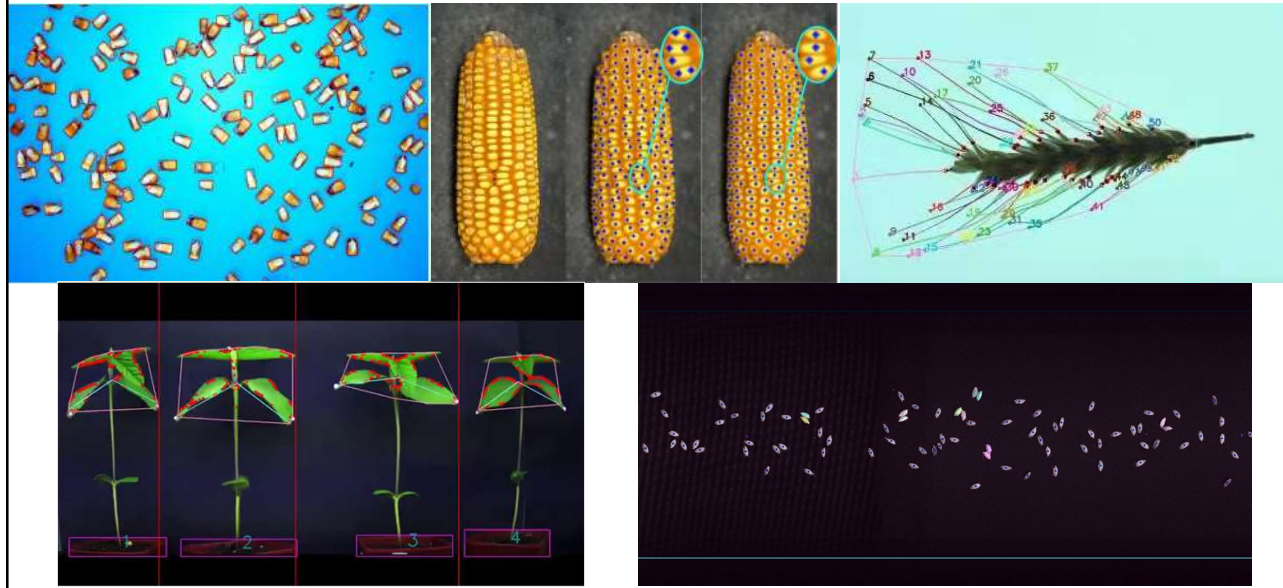


- Automatically recognize the size of the ruler to calculate the size of the fruit.
- fruit area, width, length, shape of calyx end, length of stem end, ground color of skin, secondary color of skin, distribution of secondary color, intensity of glossiness, density of vestiture etc..
- Exploring using AI to automatically dig more traits difficult for human to describe.

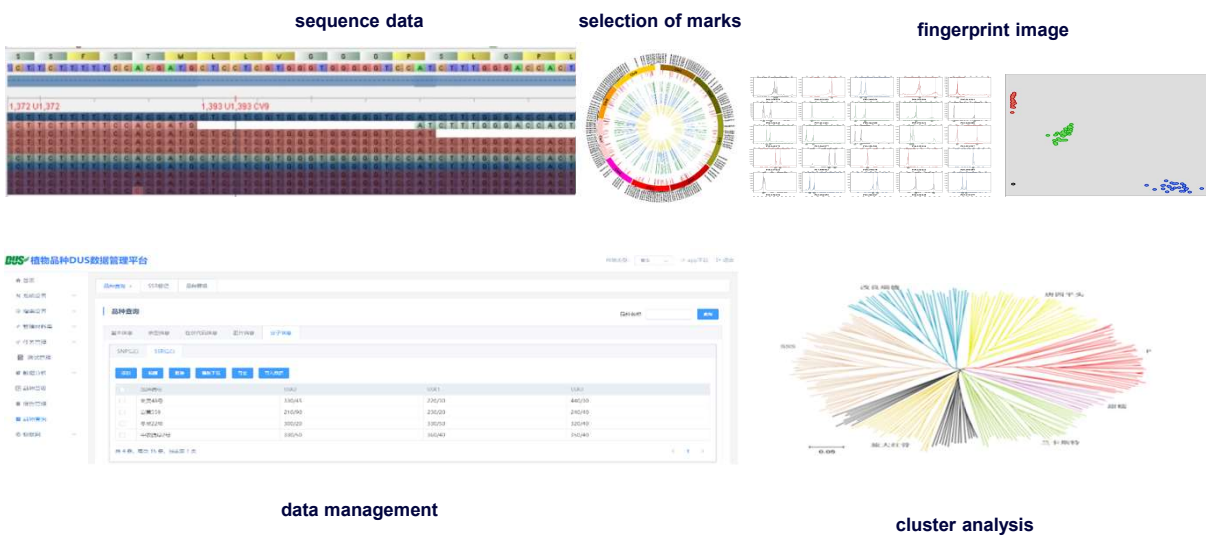
Image analysis of Maize



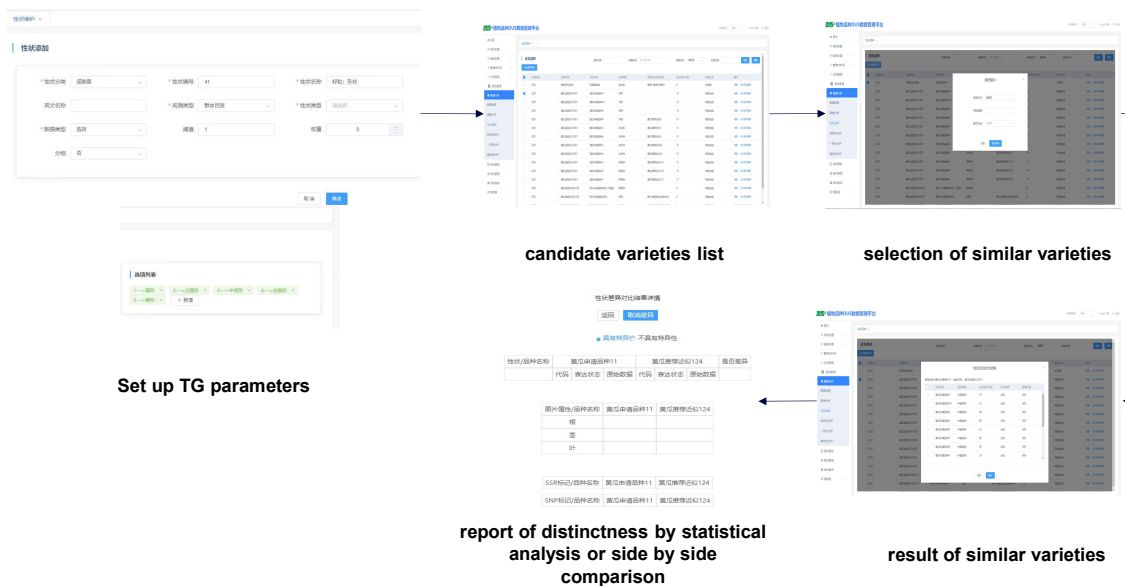
Other image analysis algorithm



Storage of molecular data



Procedures of distinctness analysis



04 Plans



Plans



2023 v6.0

forecast model between
pheno-, geno-, enviro-
data

2024 v7.0

automatic data record by
unmanned vehicles

2025 v8.0

automatic test for all time
and all space

Thank you for your attention!

