Der Rat C/58/17

Achtundfünfzigste ordentliche Tagung Genf, 25. Oktober 2024

Datum: 21. September 2024

Original: englisch

ENTWICKLUNGEN BETREFFEND DEN GESETZENTWURF ÜBER DEN SCHUTZ VON PFLANZENSORTEN DER VEREINIGTEN ARABISCHEN EMIRATE

vom Verbandsbüro erstelltes Dokument

Haftungsausschluss: dieses Dokument gibt nicht die Grundsätze oder eine Anleitung der UPOV wieder

1. Zweck dieses Dokuments ist es, den Rat zu ersuchen, die Änderungen an dem "Entwurf eines Gesetzes über den Schutz von Pflanzensorten" der Vereinigten Arabischen Emirate zu prüfen und seine positive Entscheidung vom 28. Juli 2020 bezüglich der Vereinbarkeit mit den Bestimmungen der Akte von 1991 des Internationalen Übereinkommens zum Schutz von Pflanzenzüchtungen zu bekräftigen.

HINTERGRUND

- 2. Die Regierung der Vereinigten Arabischen Emirate leitete das Verfahren für den Beitritt zur UPOV mit einem Schreiben vom 28. April 2020 an den Generalsekretär der UPOV ein, in dem Seine Exzellenz Sultan Abdulla AlHebsi, Beigeordneter Unterstaatssekretär, Abteilung Regionen, Ministerium für Klimawandel und Umwelt, um Prüfung des Entwurfs eines Gesetzes über den Schutz von Pflanzensorten der Vereinigten Arabischen Emirate (nachstehend "Gesetzesentwurf") auf Vereinbarkeit mit der Akte von 1991 des UPOV-Übereinkommens ersuchte. Der Rat prüfte den Gesetzesentwurf mit dem UPOV-Rundschreiben E-20/101 vom 28. Juli 2020 auf dem Schriftweg und beschloss:
 - "a) die Analyse in Dokument C/Analysis/2020/2 zur Kenntnis zu nehmen;
 - "b) eine positive Entscheidung über die Vereinbarkeit des "Entwurfs eines Gesetzes über den Schutz von Pflanzensorten der Vereinigten Arabischen Emirate" mit der Akte von 1991 des UPOV-Übereinkommens zum Schutz von Pflanzenzüchtungen zu treffen; nach der Annahme des Gesetzentwurfs ohne Änderungen und dem Inkrafttreten des Gesetzes können die Vereinigten Arabischen Emirate ihre Urkunde über den Beitritt zur Akte von 1991 hinterlegen; und
 - "c) den Generalsekretär zu ermächtigen, die Regierung der Vereinigten Arabischen Emirate von dieser Entscheidung zu unterrichten."

ÄNDERUNGEN AN DEM ENTWURF EINES GESETZES ÜBER DEN SCHUTZ VON PFLANZENSORTEN DER VEREINIGTEN ARABISCHEN EMIRATE IN BEZUG AUF DEN DEM RAT 2020 VORGELEGTEN WORTLAUT

- 3. In einem Schreiben vom 18. März 2024, das am 25. Juli 2024 beim Verbandsbüro einging und an den Generalsekretär der UPOV gerichtet war (siehe Anlage I), setzte der Unterstaatssekretär für Klimawandel und Umwelt, Herr Mohammed Saeed Sultan Al Nuaimi, den Generalsekretär der UPOV darüber in Kenntnis, dass gewisse Änderungen in den Gesetzentwurf aufgenommen worden seien, und bat um die Bestätigung der positiven Stellungnahme des Rates zur Vereinbarkeit des Gesetzentwurfs.
- 4. Die Änderungen, die im Vergleich zu dem Gesetzesentwurf, der dem Rat im Jahr 2020 vorgelegt worden war, in den Text des Gesetzentwurfs aufgenommen wurden, sind in Anlage II dieses Dokuments (nur auf Englisch) im Überarbeitungsmodus dargelegt.
- 5. Der Entwurf eines Gesetzes über den Schutz von Pflanzensorten der Vereinigten Arabischen Emirate, zuletzt geändert im Jahr 2024, ist in Anlage III dieses Dokuments enthalten (nur auf Englisch).

SCHLUSSFOLGERUNG

6. Auf dieser Grundlage beeinflussen die in den Gesetzesentwurf aufgenommenen Änderungen der Ansicht des Verbandbüros nach die wesentlichen Bestimmungen der Akte von 1991 des UPOV-Übereinkommens nicht.

7. Der Rat wird ersucht:

- a) zur Kenntnis zu nehmen, dass gewisse Bestimmungen des Entwurfs eines Gesetzes über den Schutz von Pflanzensorten der Vereinigten Arabischen Emirate, zuletzt geändert im Jahr 2024, Änderungen in Bezug auf den Wortlaut der entsprechenden Bestimmungen des Gesetzentwurfs enthalten, der dem Rat im Jahr 2020 vorgelegt wurde (Entscheidung des Rates auf dem Schriftweg, mitgeteilt im UPOV-Rundschreiben E-20/101 vom 28. Juli 2020);
- b) zu vereinbaren, dass die in Anlage II dieses Dokuments dargelegten Änderungen an dem Entwurf eines Gesetzes über den Schutz von Pflanzensorten der Vereinigten Arabischen Emirate in der zuletzt im Jahr 2024 geänderten Fassung (Gesetzentwurf von 2024) die wesentlichen Bestimmungen der Akte von 1991 des UPOV-Übereinkommens nicht beeinflussen, und vorbehaltlich dieser Vereinbarung
- c) die Entscheidung über die Vereinbarkeit vom 28. Juli 2020 zu bekräftigen und das Verbandsbüro zu ersuchen, die Regierung der Vereinigten Arabischen Emirate darüber zu unterrichten, dass die Beitrittsurkunde der Vereinigten Arabischen Emirate hinterlegt werden kann, sobald der Gesetzentwurf von 2024 ohne Änderungen angenommen worden ist.

[Anlagen folgen]

ANLAGE I

VEREINIGTE ARABISCHE EMIRATE
MINISTERIUM FÜR KLIMAWANDEL UND UMWELT



Ref. Nr.:

MOCCAE/EA/665/2024

Datum: 18/03/2024

Herr Daren Tang Generalsekretär

Internationaler Verband zum Schutz von Pflanzenzüchtungen (UPOV)

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BETREFF: Entwurf eines Gesetzes über den Schutz von Pflanzensorten

Sehr geehrter Generalsekretär Tang,

mit Schreiben vom 28. April 2020 ersuchten die Vereinigten Arabischen Emirate den Rat der UPOV um Prüfung des Entwurfs eines Gesetzes über den Schutz von Pflanzensorten ("Gesetzentwurf") auf die Vereinbarkeit mit der Akte von 1991 des UPOV-Übereinkommens ("Akte von 1991").

Im UPOV-Rundschreiben E-20/101 vom 28. Juli 2020 teilte der Rat auf dem Schriftweg, eine positive Entscheidung über die Vereinbarkeit des "Entwurfs eines Gesetzes über den Schutz von Pflanzensorten der Vereinigten Arabische Emirate" mit der Akte von 1991 des Internationalen Übereinkommens zum Schutz von Pflanzensorten mit. Wir freuen uns, Ihnen mitteilen zu können, dass das Ministerium für Klimawandel und Umwelt der Vereinigten Arabischen Emirate im Begriff ist, die Genehmigungsverfahren für den Gesetzentwurf über den Schutz von Pflanzensorten, in den gewisse Änderungen aufgenommen wurden, abzuschließen.

Außerdem möchten wir das Verbandsbüro ersuchen, ein Dokument mit den Änderungen an dem Wortlaut des vom Rat der UPOV im Jahr 2020 geprüften Gesetzentwurfs zu erstellen, um den Rat der UPOV zu ersuchen, seine Entscheidung von 2020 über die Vereinbarkeit auf dem Schriftweg zu bekräftigen.

In der Anlage findet sich der Entwurf eines Gesetzes über den Schutz von Pflanzensorten.

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Mohammed Saeed Sultan Al Nuaimi Unterstaatssekretär für Klimawandel und Umwelt Vereinigte Arabische Emirate

Anlage: [Offizielle Übersetzung des Gesetzes in eine der UPOV-Sprachen (Englisch, Französisch, Spanisch, Deutsch)]

[Anlage II folgt]

C/58/17

ANLAGE II

(NUR AUF ENGLISCH)

CHANGES INTRODUCED ON THE DRAFT LAW ON PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OF THE UNITED ARAB EMIRATES IN RELATION TO THE TEXT PRESENTED TO THE COUNCIL IN 2020

The changes introduced in the text of the draft Law, as a result of the parliamentary procedure, in relation to the text of the Draft Law submitted to the Council in 2020 are presented in revision mode in this Anlage.

Strikethrough indicates deletion from the text presented to the Council in 2020.

<u>Underlining</u> indicates insertion to the text presented to the Council in 2020.

Federal·Bill·No.·····of·2023·←

on-the-protection-of-new-plant-varieties¶ We, Mohamed bin Zayed Al Nahyan, President of the State of the United Arab Emirates, ¶ - → Having reviewed the Constitution,¶ - → Federal Act No. 1, of 1972, on the functions of the ministries and powers of ministers, as amended,¶ - → and Federal Act No. 17, of 2009, on the protection of new plant varieties,¶ - → and pursuant to the submission by the Minister of Climate Change and the Environment, approval by Cabinet and the Federal National Council, and ratification by the Supreme Council of the Federation,¶ have is sued the following Act: ¶ Ärticle·1¶ **Definitions**¶ In For the coursepurposes of applying this Act and in the application of its provisions of this Law, the following words and expressions shall have the meaning assigned to each of themthereto, unless the context otherwise requires:¶ The State: United Arab Emirates.¶ Ministry: · Ministry of Climatic Change and Environment (MOCCAE)._ ¶ Minister: ··Minister· of ·Climatic · Change · and ·Environment-¶ Variety-means: -Any plant-grouping within a single-botanical taxon of the lowest known rank, which grouping, irrespective of whether the conditions for the grant of a breeder's breeder's right are fully met, can be defined by the expression of the characteristics resulting from a given genotype or combination of genotypes, and distinguished from any other plant grouping by the expression of at least one of the said characteristics and considered as a unit with regard to its suitability for being propagated unchanged. Breeder-means-: the person who bred, or discovered and developed, a variety, the person who is 2¶ 2. → the · employer · of · the · aforementioned · person · or · the · person · who · has directly · commissioned · the latter's latter's work, or ¶ 3. →the legal-successor in title ofto the first or second of prementioned person referred to in paragraphs 1. or 2, as the case may be ¶ Plant breeder's Breeder's right certificates: A document issued as evidence of a grant of a breeder's right. Breeder's Breeder's right-means: The right of the breeder provided for in this LawAct; ¶ Register: Register for the protection of new plant varieties of plants and breeders' breeders' rights. Registrar: Registrar of The competent organizational unit in the Ministry, designated by a decision of the Minister, for registering new plant varieties of plants and the breeders breeders' rights who is appointed by the Minister.¶ Protected variety: A variety that has been granted a breeder's the protection afforded by a breeder's right in accordance with the provisions of this LawAct.¶ Applicant: The person who applies for athe grant of a breeder's breeder's right. Holder of the breeder's Breeder's right holder. The breeder to whom the registrar grants a breeder's breeder's right.¶ Breeder's Breeder's right certificate holder: Any person awarded the certificate of a breeder's breeder's right. Propagating material. Any plant material or parts, cells, tissues, organs or a genetic material of plants, that canbe used for the propagation of plants or for reproduction by seedling, cultivation or grafting, or budding ¶ UPOV: The International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants founded by the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants of 1961 and further mentioned in the Act of 1972, the Act_of 1978 and in the 1991 Act; ¶ Member of -UPOV: -A-State party to the -UPOV*_Convention of -1961 -/- Act of -1972 or the -Act*_of*_1978 or a-

Contracting Party to the 1991 Act. ¶

Regulations: the Regulations and Ministerial decisions issued under this Lawto implement the provisions of the <u>Act</u> ¶

Article:2.¶

Objectives Objective of the law and its scope Act [

(1) The objective of the LawAct is to regulate the grant and protect breeders' protection of breeders' rights.

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(2) This Law shall be applied on the date of its coming into force

Article-3.¶

Scope-of-application¶

The provisions of the Act shall apply to all plant general and species in the territory of the United Arab Emirates.¶

Article:34.¶

Register of Protected New Plants Plant Varieties Protection

A register-is-designated-in-the-Ministry-under-the-name-", called-the-Register-of-the-Protected-New-Plant-Varieties-Protection" concerning, shall-be-established-in-the-Ministry. New-plant-varieties-and-breeders' rights-shall-be-registered-therein-in-accordance-with the provisions of this-Law-and-the-Regulations.¶

Article:4¶

The Registrar, and its tasks¶

The Minister shall appoint a Registrar for supervising the register, and undertaking the competences stipulated in this Law, particularly the following. ¶

1. → The Registrar shall carry out any other tasks Act. Data contained in accordance with the provisions of this Law and its Register and registration procedures shall be governed by law the implementing Regulations of the Act.¶

2. → Coordinating¶

Article:5.¶ Functions:of:the:Registrar¶

The Registrar shall supervise the Registry and carry out the following functions:

1. → Coordination with the international local, regional and local international bodies involved inthat are relevant to the registrar's work of Registrar.¶

3¶ 2. → Any other tasksfunctions provided for in the Action its implementing Regulations.¶

3. → Any-other-functions assigned by the Minister in connection to with the objectives of this-Law. the Act.¶

Article:56.¶ Conditions:of:protection¶

(1)-...The breeder'sbreeder's right shall be granted where the variety is:¶

1...¶

(a) → new,¶

2_(b) → distinct,¶

 $3...(c) \rightarrow uniform \cdot and \P$

4.-(d) → stable.¶

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2)-,→The grant of the breeder's breeder's right shall not be subject to any further or different conditions than the provisions of the Act, provided that the variety is designated by a denomination in accordance with the provisions of Article 18,19 and that the applicant complies with the formalities provided for in this Lawthe Act and that he pays the required prescribed fees.¶

¶

Article:67.¶
Novelty¶

(1)-, → The variety shall be deemed to be new if, at the date of filling of the application for a breeder's breeder's right, propagating or harvested material of the variety has not been sold or otherwise disposed of to others, by or with the consent of the breeder, for purposes of exploitation of the variety ∤¶

⊕ ⇒_in the territory of the United Arab≗Emirate's earlier than one year before the date of filing of the application and ¶

(ii) --__in-a-territory-other-than-that-of-the-United-Arab-Emirates_rearlier-than-four-years-or, in-the-case-of-trees-or-of-vines, rearlier-than-six-years-before the-said-date.¶

e¶.

2)-Where, according. → The Act shall apply to Article 2(2), this Law applies to any plant genus or species to which it did not previously apply. Varieties belonging to such plant genus or species shall be considered deemed to satisfy the condition of novelty defined in paragraph (1) of this Article, even where the sale or disposal of to others described in that paragraph therein took place in the territory of United Arab

Emirates within four years before the filing date or, in the case of trees or of vines, within six years before the said date.¶

e¶.

3)-.-The provision underprovisions of paragraph (2) of this Article, shall only apply only to applications for a breeder's right protection filed within one year, at most, of the latest, after the provisions of the Law apply Act coming into force with regard to the general or species concerned.

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Article:78.¶ Distinctness¶

1. → The variety shall be deemed to be distinct if it is clearly distinguishable from any other variety whose existence that is a matter of common knowledge at the time of filing of the application. In particular, ¶

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2. → The filing of an application for the granting of a breeder's breeder's right or for the entering of another variety in an official register of plant varieties, in any country, shall be deemed to render as rendering that other variety a matter of common knowledge from the date of the application, provided that the application leads to the granting of a breeder's breeder's right or to the entering of the said other variety in the official register of plant varieties, as the case may be ¶

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Article 8<u>9.</u>¶ Uniformity¶

The variety shall be deemed to be uniform if, subject to the variation that may be expected from the particular features of its propagation, it is sufficiently uniform in its relevant characteristics.

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Article 910.¶ Stability¶

The variety shall be deemed to be stable if its relevant characteristics remain unchanged after repeated propagation or in at the case end of a each particular cycle of propagation, at the end of each such cycle. ¶

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Article:4011.¶ The person entitled to the breeder's breeder's right¶

The person entitled to the breeder's breeder's right is the breeder in accordance with any person to whom the definition contained in Article 1 of the LawAct applies.¶

¶

Article:44<u>12.¶</u> Filing:of:the:application¶

Applications for the grant of a breeder's right shall be subject to the following requirements: ¶

(1)-<u>...</u>The filing date of the application for a <u>breeder's breeder's</u> right shall be the date of receipt of the application, duly filed as <u>prescribed by their accordance with the implementing</u> Regulations <u>of the Act.</u>¶

(¶

2)-MOCCAE, → The Ministry shall not refuse to grant a breeder's breeder's right or limit its duration on the ground that because protection for the same variety has not been applied for, has been refused or has expired in any other State or intergovernmental organization.¶

¶

Article:42<u>13.¶</u> Right:of:priority¶

(1)-_Any-breeder who has duly filed an application for the protection of a variety in a <u>Memberone of the members</u> of UPOV (the "first application") shall, for the purpose of filing an application for the grant of a <u>breeder's right for the same variety within</u> the <u>Registrar United Arab Emirates</u>, enjoy a right of priority for a period of 12 months. This period shall be computed from the date of filing of the first application. The day of filing shall not be included in the latter period.

en.

2)—Events-occurring within-the-period-provided for in-paragraph (1)—of this Article, such as the filling of another application or the publication or use of the variety that is the subject of the first application, shall not constitute a ground for rejecting the subsequent application. Nor shall such events shall also not give rise to any third-party right.

€¶.

3)---In-order to benefit from the right of priority, the breeder-shall, in the application filed with the Registrar, claim the priority of the first application. -- The Registrar shall require the breeder to furnish, within a period of not-

less than three months from the filing date of the application, a copy of the documents whichthat constitute the first application, certified to be a true-copy by the authority with which that first application was filed, and samples or other evidence that the variety which is the subject matter of both applications is the same.

first application is rejected or withdrawn, an appropriate period of time, after such rejection or withdrawal, inwhich to furnish, to the Registrar, with any necessary information, document or material required for the purpose of the examination under Article 1920 of this Lawthe Act. ¶

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Article: 4314.¶ Transfer of applications and rights ¶

- 1. → Applications for and grants of breeders' breeders' rights may be transferred to others. Such transfers shall be notified to the Registrar.-- ¶

→ Changes of applicants or holders of the breeders' breeders' rights shall be published in accordance with the implementing Regulations under this Lawof the Act.¶

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Article: 1415.¶

Scope of the Breeder's breeder's right \[\]

(1) (a) Subject to the provisions of Articles 4516 and 4617 of this Lawthe Act, the following acts in respect of the propagating material of the protected variety shall require the authorization of the breeder: ¶

- (a) → Production or reproduction (multiplication)¶
- (b) → (ii) → Conditioning for the purpose of propagation¶
- (c) → (iii) → Offering for sale¶
- (d) → (iv) → Selling or other marketing¶
- (e) → (v)· → Exporting¶
- $(f) \rightarrow (\forall i) \rightarrow lmporting \P$
- $(g) \rightarrow (vii) \rightarrow Stocking for any of the purposes mentioned in (a) to (f), above (i-vi). <math>\P$

2. → The breeder may make the authorization mentioned provided for in the paragraph 1. above, subject to conditions and limitations and conditions.

(2)-¶

Subject to the provisions of Articles 4516 and 46,17 of the Act, the authorization of the breeder of the protected variety shall be required for the acts referred to in items (i) to (vii) of subparagraph (1)(a) paragraph 1(a) to (q) of this Article, shall require authorization by the breeder in the following cases:¶

(a) ⇒_in respect of - ¶

- (a) → harviested imaterial, including entire plants and parts of plants, obtained through the unauthorized use of propagating material of the protected variety, unless the breeder has had reasonable opportunity to exercise <u>her or his right in relation to the said propagating material</u>
- (b) → (b) · → in-respect-of-products-made-directly from harvested-material of the protected variety falling-within-the said harvested material, unless the breeder has had a reasonable opportunity to exercise her or hisright in relation to the said harvested material.

(3)·(a)··¶

- 4. → The provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Article shall also apply in relation to ¶
 - (a) → varieties which that are essentially derived from the protected variety, where the protected variety is not itself-an-essentially-derived variety,¶
 - (b) → (ii) → varieties · whichthat · are · not · clearly · distinguishable · in · accordance · with · Article · 78 · from · the · protected variety and ¶
 - (c) → (iii) → varieties whosethe production <u>of which</u> requires the repeated use of the protected variety.¶

(b)¶

5. → For the purposes of subparagraph-paragraph-4(a)(i), above avariety shall be deemed to be essentially. derived from another variety (("the initial variety")") when

- (a) → it is predominantly derived from the initial variety, or from a variety that is itself predominantly derived from the initial variety, while retaining the expression of the essential characteristics that result from the genotype or combination of genotypes of the initial variety, ¶
- (b) → (ii) → it is clearly distinguishable from the initial variety and ¶
- (c) → (iii) → except for the differences which that result from the act of derivation, it conforms to the initial variety in the expression of the essential characteristics that result from the genotype or combination of genotypes of the initial variety.¶

Essentially-derived varieties-may-be-obtained for example-by-the-selection-of-a-natural-or-induced-mutant, or-of-a-<u>somaclonal</u>-variant, the-selection-of-a-variant-individual-from-plants-of-the-initial-variety, backcrossing⊸ortransformation by genetic engineering.¶

Article: 4516. ¶

Exceptions to the Breeder's breeder's right \[\]

- (1)-...The breeder's breeder's right shall not extend to ¶
- - (a) → acts done privately and for non-commercial purposes,¶
 - (b) → (ii) → acts done for experimental purposes and ¶
 - (c)→(iii) → acts done for the purpose of breeding newother varieties, and rexcept where the provisions of paragraphs 4-and 5-of Article 14(3):15 apply, acts referred to in paragraphs 1-to 3-of Article 14(1) and (2) 15, in respect of such other varieties.

2)-in-respect-of-such-other-varieties.¶

(2)-_:Small-farmers-shall-not-infringe-the-breeder'sbreeder's-right, in-relation-to-varieties-included-in-a-list-ofagricultural plants, if they use for propagating purposes, on their own holdings, the product of the harvest which they have obtained by planting, on their own holdings, the protected variety or a variety covered by Article 14-(3)(paragraph 4(a)(i) or (iib) of this Law, Article 15 of the Act, provided that this such use is within reasonable limits and subject to the safeguarding oftakes into account the legitimate interests of the breeder.

3)-The, The provisions of paragraph 2, above, shall not apply to fruit, ornamental, vegetable or forest plantvarieties of fruit, ornamentals, vegetables and forest plants are excluded from ¶

- 4. → The procedures for implementing the exception underprovisions of paragraph (2) of this Article.¶
- (4) The conditions for the implementation of the provisions under paragraph (2) of this Article, in respect of the with regard to the list of agricultural plants and the information to be provided by the farmer to the breedershall be stipulated in the regulations implementing Regulations of the Act.¶

Article: 4617. ¶

Exhaustion of the Breeder's breeder's right \[

- (1)-3The breeder's breeder's right shall not extend to acts concerning any material of the protected variety, or of a variety-covered by the provisions of Article 14(3),15, paragraphs 4 and 5, which has been sold or otherwise marketed by the breeder or with her or his consentauthorization in the territory of the United Arabs. Emirates, or any material derived from the said material, unless such acts¶
- - (a) → involve further propagation of the variety in question or ¶
 - (b) → (b) → involve an export of material of the variety, which enables the propagation of the variety, into a country which that does not by law protect varieties of the plant genus or species to which the variety belongs, except where the exported material is for final consumption purposes.¶

2)-, →For the purposes of paragraph (1), "- of this Article," material "" means, in relation to a variety, ¶

- (a) → propagating material of any kind ¶
- (b) → (b) → harvested material, including entire plants and parts of plants, and ¶
- (c) → (c) → any product made directly from the harvested material. ¶

Article: 4718. Term-of-protection¶

The <u>breeder's breeder's right shall be granted for a period of 20° years and 25 years for vines and trees, from the date of the grant of the breeder's breeder's right. For trees and vines, the said period shall be 25 years from the said date. If</u>

Article: 48<u>19.</u> Variety: denomination

- (1)-...The variety shall be designated by a denomination which that will be its generic designation. -Subject to paragraph (.4), of this Article, no rights in relating to the designation registered as the denomination of the variety shall hamper the free use of the denomination in connection with the variety, even after the expiration of the breeder's right.
- 2)---The denomination must enable the variety to be identified.--It may not consist solely of figures except where this is an established practice for designating varieties. --It must not be liable to mislead or to cause confusion concerning the characteristics, value or identity of the variety or the identity of the breeder. --In particular, it must be different from every denomination which that designates, in the territory of any member of UPOV, an existing variety of the same plant species or of a closely related species. ¶
- 3)--The denomination of the variety shall be submitted by the breeder to the Registrar. -If it is found that the denomination does not satisfy the requirements of paragraph (2)- of this Article, the Registrar shall refuse to register it and shall require the breeder to propose another denomination within a prescribed period. -The denomination shall be registered by the Registrar at the same time as the breeder's right is granted.
- 4)-... Prior rights efgranted to third persons shall not be affected. If , by reason of a prior right, the use of the denomination of a variety is forbidden to a person who, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (7) of this Article, is obliged to use it ... the Registrar shall in accordance with paragraph 7, require the breeder to submit another denomination for the variety.
- 6)-:-The Registrar ensures shall ensure that the authorities of the members of UPOV are informed of matters concerning variety denominations, in particular the submission, registration and cancellation of denominations. -Any member of UPOV may address its observations, if any, on the registration of adenomination denominations to the Registrar.
- 7)-Any person who offers for sale or markets plant propagating material of a variety protected within the territory of the United Arab Emirates is obliged to use the denomination of that variety, even after the expiration of the breeder's right in that variety, except where, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (4), of this Article, prior rights prevent such use.
- 8)-_=: When a variety is offered for sale or marketed, it is permitted to associate a trademark, trade name or other similar indication with a registered variety denomination. -=If such an indication is so associated, the denomination must nevertheless be easily recognizable.

Article:49<u>20.</u>¶ Examination: of the application¶

- 1. → Any·decision·<u>by·the·Registrar-</u>to·grant·a·<u>breeder's</u><u>breeder's</u>·right·shall·require·<u>ana·prior</u>· examination·for-compliance with the conditions <u>underset forth·in</u>·Articles*5.6 to 9. →10 of the Act.¶
- 2. → In the course of the examination, the Registrar may grow the variety or carry out other necessary tests, cause the growing of the variety or the carrying out of other necessary tests, or take into account the results of growing tests or other trials which have already been carried out. For the purposes of examination. The Registrar may also require the breeder to furnish all the necessary information, documents or material as specified in the regulations implementing Regulations of the Act.¶

Article:2021.¶

ation¶

The public shall be informed concerning about

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- 1. → applications for and grants of breeders' breeders' rights, and ¶
- —2. ⇒proposed and approved denominations.¶

¶

Article: 2122.¶ Provisional: protection¶

(1)-_Provisional protection is shall be provided to safeguard the interests of the breeder during the period between the publication of the application for the grant of a breeder's breeder's right and the grant of that right.

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2)-__The applicant is considered to shall be deemed the holder of a breeder's breeder's right in relation to any person who, during the period provided for in paragraph*(-1), of this Article, has carried out acts which that, once the right is granted, require the breeder's breeder's authorization as provided in under Article 14.--15 of the Act.¶

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3. → The applicant shall have the same rights to enter into licenselicensing agreements and to initiate legal proceedings as if on the publication date the breeder's the breeder's right had been granted toon the applicant date of publication in respect of the variety concerned. The rights conferred under this paragraph shall be deemed never to have been conferred if the right is not granted.

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Article: 2223.¶

Renunciation¶

The breeder's of the breeder's right is considered as ¶

The breeder's right shall be deemed terminated in case of its renunciation of that right by its the holder of the breeder's right before the expiration of the term of protection. Renunciation must be notified in writing by The holder of the breeder's right to shall notify the Registrar as thereof in writing in accordance with the procedures and time limits prescribed by the Regulations. The date of the notification Renunciation shall be considered as take effect on the date of renunciation of the breeder's right notification.

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Article: 2324.¶

Nullity of the Breeder's breeder's right¶

(1)-_The ·<u>breeder's breeder's</u> ·right ·shall ·be ·declared ·null ·and ·v oid ·<u>when where</u> ·it ·is ·established ·¶

- (a) → that the conditions laid down in Articles[®] 7 or 78 of the Act were not complied with at the time of the grant of the breeder's breeder's right. ¶
- (b) → (ii) → that, where the grant of the <u>breeder's breeder's</u> right has been essentially based upon information and documents furnished by the breeder, the conditions laid down in Articles 3.9 or 910 were not complied with at the time of the grant of the <u>breeder's breeder's</u> right, or 1
- (c) → (iii) → that the <u>breeder's breeder's</u> right has been granted to a person who is not entitled to it, unless it is transferred to the person who is so entitled.¶

 $\begin{array}{l} 2)_{-,-\to -} \text{No} \cdot \frac{\text{breeder's breeder's}}{\text{forth}} \cdot \text{in paragrap h}^\circ (-1)_- \P \\ \P \\ \cdot \text{of this} \cdot \text{Article} \cdot \text{24}_- \P \end{array}$

Article:25.¶

Cancellation of the Breeder's breeder's right ¶

<u>(1)-(a)--. → The breeder's breeder's</u> right-shall be cancelled-#¶

where it is established that the conditions laid downdone in Articles 89 or 9-are no longer fulfilled.¶

- (a) → (b) · → Furthermore, 10 · of the breeder's right-shall be cancelled if , after being requested to do so and Act have not been complied with, or¶
- (a)(b) → in the event of failure by the breeder, within the prescribed period ¶

(i) → the-breeder-does-not¶

 (i) → to provide the Registrar with the information, documents or material deemed necessary for verifying the maintenance of the variety,¶

- (ii) → the-breeder-fails-to-pay-suchthe-requisite fees-as-may-be-payable-to-keep-his-right-in-ferce, or¶
- (iii) → the breeder does not to propose, where the denomination of the variety is cancelled after the grant of the right, another suitable denomination. ¶
- {¶
 2)-. → No·breeder'sbreeder's right shall be cancelled for reasons other than those referred to set forth in paragraph (1)-.¶
 ¶
 -of this Article-25.¶
 ¶

Article:26.¶ Compulsory·Licenselicenses·from·the·Minister¶

1. → The free exercise of a breeder's breeder's breeder's breeder's bright shall not be restricted in the territory of the United Arabemirates other than for reasons other than of public interest.¶

When any such restriction has the effect of ¶

2. → The Minister, may, for reasons of the public interest and upon ather recommendation of the Ministry of Defense or the Ministry of the Interior, granting grant a compulsory license where by authorizing a third party is authorized to perform carry out any act for which that requires the breeder's breeder's authorization is required, without prejudice to the right of the breeder shall to receive equitable remuneration fair compensation.

Article: 2627.¶ Penalties¶

- (1)---, → The penalties provided for in this <u>Law-do-not-Act-shall-be-without-prejudice to-any severermore severe</u> penalty <u>stipulated provided for in any other law.</u> Act.¶
- 2).-The-following-legal-remedies-shall-be-available-for-the-enforcement, → Prison-sentences-of-breeders'-rights:¶
- (a) → Who ever violates the provisions of Articles°14 and 21 of this Law shall be punished by imprisonment for no not less than two months and a fine, or fines of no not less than ten thousand 10,000 dirhams and no more than two hundred fifty thousand 250,000 dirhams, or both, shall apply to any person¶
- (b)· → The penalty¶

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- (a) → who, · without · the · breeder's · authorization, · has · engaged · in · acts · of · production · or reproduction, · conditioning · for · the · purpose · of · propagation, · offering · for · sale, · selling · or · other · marketing, · exporting · or · importing · or · stocking · for · the · purpose · of · production · or · reproduction · (multiplication), · or · importing · propagating · material · of · a · protected variety. ¶
- (b) → who, without the breeder's authorization, has engaged in any of the activities referred to in subparagraph (a) of this paragraph in respect of following materials and varieties:
 - (i) → harvested-material;¶
 - (ii) → products-made-directly from harvested-material of the protected variety;¶
 - (iii) → varieties that are essentially derived from the protected variety, where the protected variety is not itself an essentially derived variety.
 - (iv)→varieties-that-are-not-clearly-distinguishable-from-the-protected-variety-under-Article-8-of-the-Act;and¶
 - (v) → varieties the production of which requires the repeated use of the protected variety, ¶
- (c) → who, without the breeder's authorization, has engaged in the further propagation of the variety in question or the export of material of the variety, thereby enabling its propagation, to a country without legislation protecting varieties of the genus or species to which the variety belongs, except where the exported material is for final consumption purposes.¶
- 3. → Penalties shall be doubled in case of recidivism.¶
- 4. → The court may order the seizure of the infringing material and order its destruction at the infringer's expense of the infringer or its disposal. It. The court may also, if the infringement is committed on behalf or for the interest of a legal person, or a commercial or professional establishment, order its closing down for a period.

 $not \cdot exceeding \cdot \underline{six?months}, \cdot \underline{and \cdot the \cdot publication \cdot of \cdot the} \underline{180 \cdot days}, \cdot \underline{A} \cdot \underline{summary \cdot of \cdot the} \cdot \underline{\underline{judgment}\underline{conviction \cdot shall \cdot be}} \underline{published} \cdot \underline{infone \cdot or \cdot more \cdot daily \cdot newspapers \cdot at \cdot the \cdot \underline{infringer's}} \underline{expense} \cdot \underline{of \cdot the \cdot infringer}. \P$

(d) → Anyone who violates any other provision of this Law shall be punished by a fine of no less than ten thousand dirhams and no more than two hundred fifty thousand dirhams.¶

■ Ärticle:27¶

The ¶

Article:28.¶

Administrative-violations-and-sanctions¶

The administrative violations arising from infringements of the provisions of the Act and its implementing decisions, and the corresponding sanctions, shall be set forth in a Cabinet decision based on a proposal by the Minister and the opinion of the Minister of Finance. The decision shall provide for a complaints mechanism and sets forth the competent authority for implementing such administrative sanctions and collecting the corresponding fines.

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Article:29.¶

Death-of-the-breeder-without-an-heir-or-legatee¶

 $The \cdot \underline{Ministry \cdot shall \cdot exercise \cdot the \underline{breeder's} \cdot right \cdot \underline{of \cdot the \cdot breeder \cdot on \cdot \underline{to} \cdot } the \cdot \underline{protected} \cdot \underline{variety} \cdot \underline{if \cdot he \underline{shall \cdot revert \cdot to} \cdot the \cdot \underline{Ministry \cdot where \cdot the \cdot former} \cdot dies \cdot without \cdot an \cdot heir \cdot or \cdot legatee. \P$

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Article: 2830.¶

Measures regulating commerce¶

The breeder's breeder's right is independent of any measure to regulate the production, certification and marketing of material of plant varieties or the importing or exporting of such material. —¶
In any case, such measures shall not affect the application of the provisions of this Law.¶

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Article: 2931.¶

Judicial-Appeal-Period¶

Judicial appeal is allowed to be filed against the Appealing administrative decisions issued pursuant to this-Law and in accordance with applicable procedures ¶

Judicial appeals may be filed against administrative decisions issued under the provisions of the Act during the appeals may be filed against administrative decisions issued under the provisions of the Act during the appeals period of sixty 50 days from the date of the notification of the decision to the interested party, as the case may be .¶

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Article:3032.¶

Supervision¶

The Judicial officers ¶

Officials shall be designated by decision of the Minister of Justice shall, issue a decision of the head of the competent local judicial body, in agreement with the Minister, to select staff that will have the status or the head of the competent authority, as the case may be, as judicial officers in the application to investigate infringements of the provisions of this Lawthe Act and its implementing Regulations. If Implementation II

Supervision over the implementation of this Law, shall be performed by the Ministry.

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Article:3133.¶ Annual:fees¶

The holder of the breeder's breeder's right shall pay the prescribed annual fees during in the first thirty 30 days of each year of the term of protection. \P

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Article:3234.¶

Schedule-of-Fees-¶

The Cabinet shall issue a resolution specifying the prescribed fees in accordance with due for implementing the provisions of this Lawthe Act shall be determined by a decision of Cabinet.

.¶

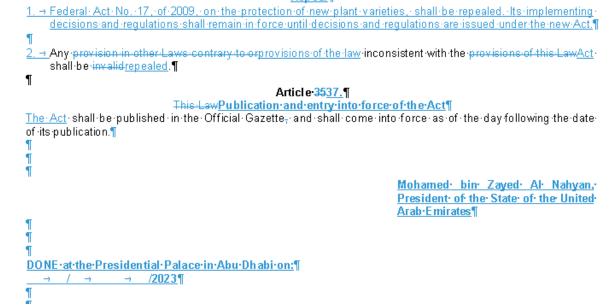
Article:3335.¶

Implementation of the Act¶

The Minister shall, in coordination with the competent authorities, issue the necessary Regulations of this Law, and the decisions necessary for its for implementation of the Act.¶

Article 3436.¶

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[Anlage III folgt]

ANLAGE III

[NUR AUF ENGLISCH]

[Translation] [Original: Arabic]

Federal Bill No. of 2024 on the protection of new plant varieties

We, Mohamed bin Zayed Al Nahyan, President of the State of the United Arab Emirates,

- Having reviewed the Constitution,
- Federal Act No. 1, of 1972, on the functions of the ministries and powers of ministers, as amended,
- and Federal Act No. 17, of 2009, on the protection of new plant varieties,
- and pursuant to the submission by the Minister of Climate Change and the Environment, approval by Cabinet and the Federal National Council, and ratification by the Supreme Council of the Federation,

have issued the following Act:

Article 1. Definitions

For the purposes of this Act and in the application of its provisions, the following words and expressions shall have the meaning assigned thereto, unless the context otherwise requires:

The State: United Arab Emirates.

Ministry: Ministry of Climatic Change and Environment. Minister: Minister of Climatic Change and Environment.

Variety: Any plant grouping within a single botanical taxon of the lowest known rank, which grouping, irrespective of whether the conditions for the grant of a breeder's right are fully met, can be defined by the expression of the characteristics resulting from a given genotype or combination of genotypes, and distinguished from any other plant grouping by the expression of at least one of the said characteristics and considered as a unit with regard to its suitability for being propagated unchanged.

- Breeder: 1. the person who bred, or discovered and developed, a variety;
 - 2. the employer of the aforementioned person or the person who directly commissioned the latter's
 - 3. the successor in title to the person referred to in paragraphs 1 or 2, as the case may be.

Breeder's right certificate: A document issued as evidence of a grant of a breeder's right.

Breeder's right: The right of the breeder provided for in this Act;

Register: Register for the protection of new plant varieties and breeders' rights.

Registrar: The competent organizational unit in the Ministry, designated by a decision of the Minister, for registering new plant varieties and breeders' rights.

Protected variety: A variety that has been granted the protection afforded by a breeder's right in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Applicant: The person who applies for the grant of a breeder's right.

Breeder's right holder: The breeder to whom the registrar grants a breeder's right.

Breeder's right certificate holder: Any person awarded the certificate of a breeder's right.

Propagating material: Any plant material or parts, cells, tissues, organs or genetic material of plants that can be used for the propagation of plants or for reproduction by seedling, cultivation or grafting, or budding. UPOV: The International Union for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants founded by the International Convention for the Protection of New Varieties of Plants of 1961 and further mentioned in the Act of 1972, the Act of 1978 and in the 1991 Act;

Member of UPOV: A State party to the UPOV Convention of 1961 / Act of 1972 or the Act of 1978 or a Contracting Party to the 1991 Act.

Regulations: Ministerial decisions issued to implement the provisions of the Act.

Article 2. Objective of the Act

The objective of the Act is to regulate the grant and protection of breeders' rights.

Article 3. Scope of application

The provisions of the Act shall apply to all plant genera and species in the territory of the United Arab Emirates.

Article 4. Register of Protected New Plant Varieties

A register, called the Register of Protected New Plant Varieties, shall be established in the Ministry. New plant varieties and breeders' rights shall be registered therein in accordance with the provisions of the Act. Data contained in the Register and registration procedures shall be governed by the implementing Regulations of the Act.

Article 5. Functions of the Registrar

The Registrar shall supervise the Registry and carry out the following functions:

- 1. Coordination with local, regional and international bodies that are relevant to the work of Registrar.
- 2. Any other functions provided for in the Act or its implementing Regulations.
- 3. Any other functions assigned by the Minister in connection with the objectives of the Act.

Article 6. Conditions of protection

- 1. The breeder's right shall be granted where the variety is
 - (a) new,
 - (b) distinct,
 - (c) uniform and
 - (d) stable.
- 2. The grant of the breeder's right shall not be subject to any further or different conditions than the provisions of the Act, provided that the variety is designated by a denomination in accordance with the provisions of Article 19 and that the applicant complies with the formalities provided for in the Act and pays the prescribed fees.

Article 7. Novelty

- 1. The variety shall be deemed to be new if, at the date of filing of the application for a breeder's right, propagating or harvested material of the variety has not been sold or otherwise disposed of to others, by or with the consent of the breeder, for purposes of exploitation of the variety in the territory of the United Arab Emirates earlier than one year before the date of filing of the application and, in a territory other than that of the United Arab Emirates, earlier than four years or, in the case of trees or of vines, earlier than six years before the said date.
- 2. The Act shall apply to any plant genus or species to which it did not previously apply. Varieties belonging to such plant genus or species shall be deemed to satisfy the condition of novelty defined in paragraph 1 of this Article, even where the sale or disposal of to others described therein took place in the territory of United Arab Emirates within four years before the filing date or, in the case of trees or of vines, within six years before the said date.
- 3. The provisions of paragraph 2 of this Article shall apply only to applications for breeder's right protection filed within one year, at most, of the Act coming into force with regard to the genera or species concerned.

Article 8. Distinctness

- 1. The variety shall be deemed to be distinct if it is clearly distinguishable from any other variety that is a matter of common knowledge at the time of filing of the application.
- 2. The filing of an application for the granting of a breeder's right or for the entering of another variety in an official register of plant varieties in any country shall be deemed as rendering that other variety a matter of common knowledge from the date of the application, provided that the application leads to the granting of a breeder's right or to the entering of the said other variety in the official register of plant varieties, as the case may be.

Article 9. Uniformity

The variety shall be deemed to be uniform if, subject to the variation that may be expected from the particular features of its propagation, it is sufficiently uniform in its relevant characteristics.

Article 10. Stability

The variety shall be deemed to be stable if its relevant characteristics remain unchanged after repeated propagation or at the end of each particular cycle of propagation.

Article 11.

The person entitled to the breeder's right

The person entitled to the breeder's right is any person to whom the definition contained in Article 1 of the Act applies.

Article 12. Filing of the application

- 1. The filing date of the application for a breeder's right shall be the date of receipt of the application, duly filed in accordance with the implementing Regulations of the Act.
- The Ministry shall not refuse to grant a breeder's right or limit its duration because protection for the same variety has not been applied for, has been refused or has expired in any other State or intergovernmental organization.

Article 13. Right of priority

- 1. Any breeder who has duly filed an application for the protection of a variety in one of the members of UPOV (the "first application") shall, for the purpose of filing an application for the grant of a breeder's right for the same variety in the United Arab Emirates, enjoy a right of priority for a period of 12 months. This period shall be computed from the date of filing of the first application. The day of filing shall not be included in the latter period.
- Events occurring within the period provided for in paragraph 1 of this Article, such as the filing of another
 application or the publication or use of the variety that is the subject of the first application, shall not
 constitute a ground for rejecting the subsequent application. Nor shall such events give rise to any thirdparty right.
- 3. In order to benefit from the right of priority, the breeder shall, in the application filed with the Registrar, claim the priority of the first application. The Registrar shall require the breeder to furnish, within a period of not less than three months from the filing date of the application, a copy of the documents that constitute the first application, certified to be a true copy by the authority with which that first application was filed, and samples or other evidence that the variety which is the subject matter of both applications is the same.
- 4. The breeder shall be allowed a period of two years after the expiration of the period of priority or, where the first application is rejected or withdrawn, an appropriate period of time after such rejection or withdrawal, in which to furnish the Registrar with any necessary information, document or material required for the purpose of the examination under Article 20 of the Act.

Article 14. Transfer of applications and rights

- 1. Applications for and grants of breeders' rights may be transferred to others. Such transfers shall be notified to the Registrar.
- 2. Changes of applicants or holders of the breeders' rights shall be published in accordance with the implementing Regulations of the Act.

Article 15. Scope of the breeder's right

- 1. Subject to the provisions of Articles 16 and 17 of the Act, the following acts in respect of the propagating material of the protected variety shall require the authorization of the breeder:
 - (a) Production or reproduction (multiplication)
 - (b) Conditioning for the purpose of propagation
 - (c) Offering for sale
 - (d) Selling or other marketing
 - (e) Exporting
 - (f) Importing
 - (g) Stocking for any of the purposes mentioned in (a) to (f), above.
- The breeder may make the authorization provided for in paragraph 1, above, subject to limitations and conditions.
- 3. Subject to the provisions of Articles 16 and 17 of the Act, the authorization of the breeder of the protected variety shall be required for the acts referred to in paragraph 1(a) to (g) of this Article in respect of:
 - (a) harvested material, including entire plants and parts of plants, obtained through the unauthorized use of propagating material of the protected variety, unless the breeder has had reasonable opportunity to exercise her or his right in relation to the said propagating material;
 - (b) products made directly from harvested material of the protected variety falling within the provisions of subparagraph (a) of this paragraph through the unauthorized use of the said harvested material, unless the breeder has had a reasonable opportunity to exercise her or his right in relation to the said harvested material.
- 4. The provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of this Article shall apply to
 - (a) varieties that are essentially derived from the protected variety, where the protected variety is not itself an essentially derived variety,
 - (b) varieties that are not clearly distinguishable, in accordance with Article 8, from the protected variety and
 - (c) varieties the production of which requires the repeated use of the protected variety.
- 5. For the purposes of paragraph 4(a), above, a variety shall be deemed to be essentially derived from another variety ("the initial variety") when
 - (a) it is predominantly derived from the initial variety, or from a variety that is itself predominantly derived from the initial variety, while retaining the expression of the essential characteristics that result from the genotype or combination of genotypes of the initial variety,
 - (b) it is clearly distinguishable from the initial variety and
 - (c) except for the differences that result from the act of derivation, it conforms to the initial variety in the expression of the essential characteristics that result from the genotype or combination of genotypes of the initial variety.

Essentially derived varieties may be obtained for example by the selection of a natural or induced mutant, or of a somaclonal variant, the selection of a variant individual from plants of the initial variety, backcrossing or transformation by genetic engineering.

Article 16. Exceptions to the breeder's right

- 1. The breeder's right shall not extend to
 - (a) acts done privately and for non-commercial purposes,
 - (b) acts done for experimental purposes,
 - (c) acts done for the purpose of breeding other varieties, and, except where the provisions of paragraphs 4 and 5 of Article 15 apply, acts referred to in paragraphs 1 to 3 of Article 15, in respect of such other varieties.

- 2. Small farmers shall not infringe the breeder's right, in relation to varieties included in a list of agricultural plants, if they use for propagating purposes, on their own holdings, the product of the harvest which they have obtained by planting, on their own holdings, the protected variety or a variety covered by paragraph 4(a) or (b) of Article 15 of the Act. provided that such use is within reasonable limits and takes into account the legitimate interests of the breeder.
- 3. The provisions of paragraph 2, above, shall not apply to fruit, ornamental, vegetable or forest plant varieties.
- 4. The procedures for implementing the provisions of paragraph 2 of this Article with regard to the list of agricultural plants and information to be provided by the farmer to the breeder shall be stipulated in the implementing Regulations of the Act.

Article 17.

Exhaustion of the breeder's right

- 1. The breeder's right shall not extend to acts concerning any material of the protected variety, or of a variety covered by the provisions of Article 15, paragraphs 4 and 5, which has been sold or otherwise marketed by the breeder or with her or his authorization in the territory of the United Arab Emirates, or any material derived from the said material, unless such acts
 - (a) involve further propagation of the variety in question or
 - (b) involve an export of material of the variety, which enables the propagation of the variety, into a country that does not by law protect varieties of the plant genus or species to which the variety belongs, except where the exported material is for final consumption purposes.
- 2. For the purposes of paragraph 1 of this Article, "material" means, in relation to a variety,
 - (a) propagating material of any kind,
 - (b) harvested material, including entire plants and parts of plants, and
 - (c) any product made directly from the harvested material.

Article 18.

Term of protection

The breeder's right shall be granted for a period of 20 years, and 25 years for vines and trees, from the date of the grant of the breeder's right.

Article 19.

Variety denomination

- 1. The variety shall be designated by a denomination that will be its generic designation. Subject to paragraph 4 of this Article, no rights relating to the registered denomination of the variety shall hamper the use of the denomination in connection with the variety, even after the expiration of the breeder's right.
- 2. The denomination must enable the variety to be identified. It may not consist solely of figures except where this is an established practice for designating varieties. It must not be liable to mislead or to cause confusion concerning the characteristics, value or identity of the variety or the identity of the breeder. In particular, it must be different from every denomination that designates, in the territory of any member of UPOV, an existing variety of the same plant species or of a closely related species.
- 3. The denomination of the variety shall be submitted by the breeder to the Registrar. If it is found that the denomination does not satisfy the requirements of paragraph 2 of this Article, the Registrar shall refuse to register it and shall require the breeder to propose another denomination within a prescribed period. The denomination shall be registered by the Registrar at the same time as the breeder's right is granted.
- 4. Prior rights granted to third persons shall not be affected. If, by reason of a prior right, the use of the denomination of a variety is forbidden to a person who, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 7 of this Article, is obliged to use it, the Registrar shall, in accordance with paragraph 7, require the breeder to submit another denomination for the variety.
- 5. A variety must be submitted to all members of UPOV under the same denomination. The Registrar shall register the denomination so submitted, unless it considers the denomination unsuitable. In the latter case, it shall require the breeder to submit another denomination.

- 6. The Registrar shall ensure that the authorities of the members of UPOV are informed of matters concerning variety denominations, in particular the submission, registration and cancellation of denominations. Any member may address its observations, if any, on the registration of denominations to the Registrar.
- 7. Any person who offers for sale or markets plant propagating material of a variety protected within the territory of the United Arab Emirates is obliged to use the denomination of that variety, even after the expiration of the breeder's right in that variety, except where, in accordance with paragraph 4 of this Article, prior rights prevent such use.
- 8. When a variety is offered for sale or marketed, it is permitted to associate a trademark, trade name or other similar indication with a registered variety denomination. If such an indication is so associated, the denomination must nevertheless be easily recognizable.

Article 20. Examination of the application

- 1. Any decision by the Registrar to grant a breeder's right shall require a prior examination for compliance with the conditions set forth in Articles 6 to 10 of the Act.
- 2. In the course of the examination, the Registrar may grow the variety or carry out other necessary tests, cause the growing of the variety or the carrying out of other necessary tests, or take into account the results of growing tests or other trials which have already been carried out. The Registrar may also require the breeder to furnish all the necessary information, documents or material as specified in the implementing Regulations of the Act.

Article 21. Publication

The public shall be informed about

- 1. applications for and grants of breeders' rights, and
- 2. proposed and approved denominations.

Article 22. Provisional protection

- 1. Provisional protection shall be provided to safeguard the interests of the breeder during the period between the publication of the application for the grant of a breeder's right and the grant of that right.
- 2. The applicant shall be deemed the holder of a breeder's right in relation to any person who, during the period provided for in paragraph 1 of this Article, has carried out acts that, once the right is granted, require the breeder's authorization under Article 15 of the Act.
- 3. The applicant shall have the same rights to enter into licensing agreements and to initiate legal proceedings as if the breeder's right had been granted on the date of publication in respect of the variety concerned. The rights conferred under this paragraph shall be deemed never to have been conferred if the right is not granted.

Article 23. Renunciation of the breeder's right

The breeder's right shall be deemed terminated in case of its renunciation by the holder of the breeder's right before the expiration of the term of protection. The holder of the breeder's right shall notify the Registrar thereof in writing in accordance with the procedures and time limits prescribed by the Regulations. Renunciation shall take effect on the date of notification.

Article 24. Nullity of the breeder's right

- 1. The breeder's right shall be declared null and void where it is established
 - (a) that the conditions laid down in Articles 7 or 8 of the Act were not complied with at the time of the grant of the breeder's right,
 - (b) that, where the grant of the breeder's right has been essentially based upon information and documents furnished by the breeder, the conditions laid down in Articles 9 or 10 were not complied with at the time of the grant of the breeder's right, or

- (c) that the breeder's right has been granted to a person who is not entitled to it, unless it is transferred to the person who is so entitled.
- No breeder's right shall be declared null and void for reasons other than those set forth in paragraph 1 of this Article.

Article 25. Cancellation of the breeder's right

- 1. The breeder's right shall be cancelled
 - (a) where it is established that the conditions laid done in Articles 9 or 10 of the Act have not been complied with, or
 - (b) in the event of failure by the breeder, within the prescribed period,
 - (i) to provide the Registrar with the information, documents or material deemed necessary for verifying the maintenance of the variety,
 - (ii) to pay the requisite fees, or
 - (iii) to propose, where the denomination of the variety is cancelled after the grant of the right, another suitable denomination.
- 2. No breeder's right shall be cancelled for reasons other than those set forth in paragraph 1 of this Article.

Article 26.

Compulsory licenses from the Minister

- 1. The free exercise of a breeder's right shall not be restricted in the territory of the United Arab Emirates other than for reasons of public interest.
- 2. The Minister may, for reasons of the public interest and upon the recommendation of the Ministry of Defense or the Ministry of the Interior, grant a compulsory license authorizing a third party to carry out any act that requires the breeder's authorization, without prejudice to the right of the breeder to receive fair compensation.

Article 27. Penalties

- 1. The penalties provided for in this Act shall be without prejudice to any more severe penalty provided for in any other Act.
- 2. Prison sentences of not less than two months, or fines of not less than 10,000 dirhams and no more than 250,000 dirhams, or both, shall apply to any person
 - (a) who, without the breeder's authorization, has engaged in acts of production or reproduction, conditioning for the purpose of propagation, offering for sale, selling or other marketing, exporting or importing, or stocking for the purpose of production or reproduction (multiplication), or importing propagating material of a protected variety,
 - (b) who, without the breeder's authorization, has engaged in any of the activities referred to in subparagraph (a) of this paragraph in respect of following materials and varieties:
 - (i) harvested material;
 - (ii) products made directly from harvested material of the protected variety;
 - (iii) varieties that are essentially derived from the protected variety, where the protected variety is not itself an essentially derived variety;
 - (iv) varieties that are not clearly distinguishable from the protected variety under Article 8 of the Act;
 - (v) varieties the production of which requires the repeated use of the protected variety,
 - (c) who, without the breeder's authorization, has engaged in the further propagation of the variety in question or the export of material of the variety, thereby enabling its propagation, to a country without legislation protecting varieties of the genus or species to which the variety belongs, except where the exported material is for final consumption purposes.
- 3. Penalties shall be doubled in case of recidivism.

4. The court may order the seizure of the infringing material and its destruction at the infringer's expense. The court may also, if the infringement is committed on behalf of a legal person, or a commercial or professional establishment, order its closing down for a period not exceeding 180 days. A summary of the conviction shall be published in one or more daily newspapers at the infringer's expense.

Article 28.

Administrative violations and sanctions

The administrative violations arising from infringements of the provisions of the Act and its implementing decisions, and the corresponding sanctions, shall be set forth in a Cabinet decision based on a proposal by the Minister and the opinion of the Minister of Finance. The decision shall provide for a complaints mechanism and sets forth the competent authority for implementing such administrative sanctions and collecting the corresponding fines.

Article 29.

Death of the breeder without heir or legatee

The breeder's right to the protected variety shall revert to the Ministry where the former dies without an heir or legatee.

Article 30.

Measures regulating commerce

The breeder's right is independent of any measure to regulate the production, certification and marketing of material of plant varieties or the importing or exporting of such material.

Article 31.

Appealing administrative decisions

Judicial appeals may be filed against administrative decisions issued under the provisions of the Act during a period 60 days from the date of their publication in the Official Gazette or from the date of notification of the decision, as the case may be.

Article 32. Judicial officers

Officials shall be designated by decision of the Minister of Justice or the head of the competent local judicial body, in agreement with the Minister or the head of the competent authority, as the case may be, as judicial officers to investigate infringements of the provisions of the Act and its implementing Regulations.

Article 33. Annual fees

The holder of the breeder's right shall pay the prescribed annual fees in the first 30 days of each year of the term of protection.

Article 34.

Fees

The fees due for implementing the provisions of the Act shall be determined by a decision of Cabinet.

Article 35.

Implementation of the Act

The Minister shall, in coordination with the competent authorities, issue the necessary Regulations for implementation of the Act.

Article 36.

Repeal

- Federal Act No. 17, of 2009, on the protection of new plant varieties, shall be repealed. Its implementing decisions and regulations shall remain in force until decisions and regulations are issued under the new Act.
- Any provisions of the law inconsistent with the Act shall be repealed.

Article 37.

Publication and entry into force of the Act

The Act shall be published in the Official Gazette and shall come into force as of the day following the date of its publication.

Mohamed bin Zayed Al Nahyan, President of the State of the United Arab Emirates

DONE at the Presidential Palace in Abu Dhabi on: / /2024

[Ende von Anlage III und des Dokuments]